

April 2010

# BLACK BOX® *ServSwitch* DIX™ Control



# ServSwitch DTX™ Control

## User Guide



### **Instructions**

This symbol is intended to alert the user to the presence of important operating and maintenance (servicing) instructions in the literature accompanying the appliance.

## European Union Notification

**WARNING:** This is a class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

## USA Notification

**WARNING:** Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

**NOTE:** This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his/her own expense.

## Canadian Notification

This Class A digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

## Japanese Notification

この装置は、クラスA情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

VCCI-A

## Korean Notification

기종별	사용자 안내문
A급 기기 (업무용 정보통신기기)	이 기기는 업무용으로 전자파적합등록을 한 기기이오니 판매자 또는 사용자는 이 점을 주의하시기 바라며 만약 잘못 판매 구입 하였을 때에는 가정용으로 교환하시기 바랍니다.



## Welcome to the ServSwitch™ Family!

Thank you for purchasing a BLACK BOX® ServSwitch DTX™ Control appliance! We appreciate your business, and we think you'll appreciate the many ways that your new DTX Control appliance will save you money, time, and effort. The BLACK BOX ServSwitch DTX Extender system, which includes the ServSwitch DTX Control appliance, is a secure, web browser-based, centralized enterprise management solution that allows users to remotely manage and monitor multiple ServSwitch DTX Extender systems. Each ServSwitch DTX Extender system allows desktop users access a full computer experience from anywhere on the corporate TCP/IP network, while maintaining the computers securely housed in a corporate data center. This desktop experience includes access for the desktop user to keyboard, mouse, both digital and analog video, and audio devices.

This solution can be deployed as a point-to-point extender system or may over-laid on the standard 100 Mbps/1 Gbps TCP/IP network.

The ServSwitch™ family from BLACK BOX—the one-stop answer for all your KVM switching needs!

\*

This manual will tell you all about your new ServSwitch DTX™ Control appliance, including how to install, operate and troubleshoot it. For an introduction to the ServSwitch DTX Control appliance, see Chapter 2.

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## Appendix A: Technical Specifications

**Table A.1: DTX Control Appliance Technical Specifications**

<b>Network Connection</b>	
Number	2
Type	Ethernet, 10BaseT, 100BaseT, GigE
Connector	RJ-45
<b>Serial Port</b>	
Number	1
Type	RS-232 serial
Connector	DB9 male
<b>Mechanical</b>	
H x W x D	4.3 x 42.7 x 35.6 cm (1.7 x 16.8 x 14 in), 1 U form factor
Weight	5.9 kg (13 lb)
<b>Power</b>	
AC Input Voltage	100 to 240 VAC
Rated Input Current	4A maximum
Rated Input Frequency	50 to 60 Hz
Rated Output Power	260 W maximum
Rated Output Voltages	+3.3 V (15 A), +5 V (25 A), +12V (18A), -12 V (1A)
BTU Rate	1400 Bus/hour (for rated output power of 260 W)
<b>Environmental</b>	
Temperature	0° to 35° Celsius (32° to 95° Fahrenheit) operating
Humidity	10 to 90% noncondensing operating

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**Safety and EMC Approvals  
and Markings**

USA (UL, FCC), Canada (cUL), Germany (TUV), European Union (CE), Japan (VCCI), Russia (GOST), Korea (MIC) and Australia (C-Tick)

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NOTE: Safety certifications and EMC certifications for this product are obtained under one or more of the following designations: CMN (Certification Model Number), MPN (Manufacturer's Part Number) or Sales Level Model designation. The designation that is referenced in the EMC and/or safety reports and certificates are printed on the label applied to this product.

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## 2. Product Overview

### 2.1 Introduction

The DTX Control appliance is a secure, web browser-based, centralized enterprise management solution that allows users to remotely manage and monitor multiple DTX Extender systems. The DTX Extender system, which includes a transmitter and a user station, provides users with a full computer desktop experience from anywhere on the corporate TCP/IP network, while maintaining the computers securely housed in a corporate data center. The addition of the DTX Control appliance allows the user stations and transmitters that comprise the DTX Extender system to operate in Desktop Mode. This mode allows a user to log in to any DTX user station and the system will connect automatically to the transmitter that has been assigned to that user. Through Desktop Mode, the DTX Control appliance allows administrators to remotely manage and monitor the networks of user stations and transmitters that comprise the DTX Extender system.

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**NOTE:** There are several types of DTX user stations and transmitters, but not all of them can communicate across platforms. For example, the DTX 5000 user station can only communicate with its corresponding DTX 5000-T transmitter. However, the DTX 5001 and 5002 user stations and their corresponding transmitters can communicate across both platforms. For more information on DTX user stations and transmitters, see the ServSwitch DTX 500x User Guide.

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### 2.2 Features and benefits

#### Web-based access and control

As a web browser-based management solution, the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance provides the operations, administration and maintenance interface for the DTX Extender system. It also manages authentication, authorization, initiation and removal of media sessions between the user station and transmitter. The DTX Control appliance provides a centralized database for storing configuration, user, unit and system information allowing administrators to add, remove, delete and change settings for managed appliances and users. In addition, the DTX Control appliance enables authentication, access control, logging events and monitoring of target computers.

#### Security

Secure Socket Layer (SSL) encryption is used to encrypt DTX Control appliance system data. Users are authenticated using the DTX Control appliance internal database or one of the external authentication methods available. See "Supported Authentication Services" on page 63 for more information. For management functions, the DTX Control appliance uses

HTTPS (Hypertext Transfer Protocol with SSL encryption) to interact with the DTX Extender system.

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**NOTE:** To access the DTX Control appliance through a firewall, you must ensure that the firewall uses the default HTTPS port 443.

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## **DTX extender system support**

The transmitter connects externally to the video, audio and USB ports of the target computer and is attached directly to the target computer. It captures, compresses and encrypts the computer's media stream and transmits it to the DTX user station over a standard TCP/IP network. The user station enables the desktop user's keyboard, video, mouse and audio devices to connect to the DTX Extender system.

## **2.3 System Components**

The DTX Control software system contains the following components.

### **DTX Control software**

The DTX Control software resides on the DTX Control server (hub or spoke) and provides a web gateway and services for managing units (appliances and target devices) using a web browser. The gateway allows for web browser access. Administrators and users may connect to the DTX Control server from DTX Control software clients and use the DTX Control Explorer windows to communicate with the system.

### **DTX Control server**

The DTX Control server contains the DTX Control software. The server provides a centralized database for storing configuration, user, unit and system information. It also provides services for authentication, access control and logging events.

You may configure one or more spoke (backup) servers in addition to the hub server. The hub server is responsible for maintaining the master copy of the database in a DTX Control software system. Only one server in a DTX Control software system may be configured as the hub server.

Spoke servers perform database replication with the hub server. The hub server acts as the coordinator for database replication between itself and all of the other spoke servers in a DTX Control software system. A hub server and a spoke server both offer the same DTX Control software functionality to a user. The distinction of hub or spoke refers only to the database replication role that the server plays and not with the functionality that the server provides. Adding one or more spoke servers to a DTX Control software system provides redundancy.

After the hub server and optional spoke server(s) are configured, you may create and configure the type of access levels for users within your network environment. You may also set up event logs to record full details of user access and other events.

### **DTX Control software client**

A DTX Control software client is a computer with a web browser that can access the DTX Control software installed on the DTX Control server.

## **2.4 Upgrading the DTX Control Software**

When upgrading to a newer version of the DTX Control software, all DTX Control servers should be upgraded at the same time. The DTX Control hub server should be upgraded first, followed by each spoke server.

Before upgrading, a replication should be performed, then a backup immediately before and after upgrading the DTX Control software (see "Backing up and Restoring Hub Servers Manually" on page 18).

The firmware for the appliances may also need to be upgraded in order to support new functionality in the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance. The DTX Control appliance should work with the existing firmware revisions, but in cases where new functionality is not supported until the firmware is upgraded, the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance will indicate this in the graphical user interface (GUI).

## **2.5 Safety precautions**

To avoid potentially fatal shock hazard and possible damage to equipment, please observe the following precautions:

- Do not use a 2-wire power cord in any product configuration.
- Test AC outlets at the target computer and monitor for proper polarity and grounding.
- Use only with grounded outlets.

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**NOTE:** The AC inlet is the main power disconnect.

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**CAUTION:** Failure to observe the precautions in this section may result in personal injury or damage to equipment.

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Observe the following general safety precautions when setting up and using BLACK BOX equipment.

- Follow all cautions and instructions marked on the equipment.
- Follow all cautions and instructions in the installation documentation or on any cautionary cards shipped with the product.

- Do not push objects through the openings in the equipment. Dangerous voltages may be present. Objects with conductive properties can cause fire, electric shock or damage to the equipment.
- Do not make mechanical or electrical modifications to the equipment.
- Do not block or cover openings on the equipment.
- Choose a location that avoids excessive heat, direct sunlight, dust or chemical exposure, all of which can cause the product to fail. For example, do not place a BLACK BOX product near a radiator or heat register, which can cause overheating.
- Ensure that the voltage and frequency of the power source match the voltage and frequency on the label on the equipment.
- AC power supplies have grounding-type three-wire power cords. Make sure the power cords are plugged into single-phase power systems that have a neutral ground.
- Do not use household extension power cords with BLACK BOX equipment because household extension cords are not designed for use with computer systems and do not have overload protection.
- Ensure that air flow is sufficient to prevent extreme operating temperatures. Provide a minimum space of 6 inches (15 cm) in front and back for adequate airflow.
- Keep power and interface cables clear of foot traffic. Route cables inside walls, under the floor, through the ceiling or in protective channels or raceways.
- Route interface cables away from motors and other sources of magnetic or radio frequency interference.
- Stay within specified cable length limitations.
- Leave enough space in front and back of the equipment to allow access for servicing.

When installing BLACK BOX equipment in a rack or cabinet, observe the following precautions:

- Ensure that the floor's surface is level.
- Load equipment starting at the bottom first and fill the rack or cabinet from the bottom to the top.
- Exercise caution to ensure that the rack or cabinet does not tip during installation and use an anti-tilt bar.

When using a desk or table, observe the following precautions:

- Choose a desk or table sturdy enough to hold the equipment.

- Place the equipment so that at least 50% of the equipment is inside the table or desk's leg support area to avoid tipping of the table or desk.

### **Cabling installation, maintenance and safety tips**

The following is a list of important safety considerations that should be reviewed prior to installing or maintaining your cables:

- Maintain the twists of the pairs all the way to the point of termination, or no more than one-half inch untwisted. Do not cut off more than one inch of jacket while terminating.
- If bending the cable is necessary, make it gradual with no bend sharper than a one inch radius. Allowing the cable to be sharply bent or kinked can permanently damage the cable's interior.
- Dress the cables neatly with cable ties, using low to moderate pressure. Do not over tighten ties.
- Cross-connect cables where necessary, using rated punch blocks, patch panels and components. Do not splice or bridge cable at any point.
- Keep CAT 5 cable as far away as possible from potential sources of EMI, such as electrical cables, transformers and light fixtures. Do not tie cables to electrical conduits or lay cables on electrical fixtures.
- Always test every installed segment with a cable tester. "Toning" alone is not an acceptable test.
- Always install jacks so as to prevent dust and other contaminants from settling on the contacts. The contacts of the jack should face up on the flush mounted plates, or left/right/down on surface mount boxes.
- Always leave extra slack on the cables, neatly coiled in the ceiling or nearest concealed location. Leave at least five feet at the work outlet side and 10 feet at the patch panel side.
- Choose either 568A or 568B wiring standard before beginning. Wire all jacks and patch panels for the same wiring scheme. Do not mix 568A and 568B wiring in the same installation.
- Always obey all local and national fire and building codes. Be sure to firestop all cables that penetrate a firewall. Use plenum rated cable where it is required.



## 3. Installation and Setup

The following sections will help you install and set up your DTX Control appliance. Helpful topics in this chapter include the following:

- "Installing the Appliance" on page 9
- "Launching the DTX Control Appliance Web Interface" on page 11
- "Replication" on page 22
- "Next Steps" on page 25

### 3.1 Installing the Appliance

#### Rack mounting the DTX Control Appliance

##### Rack mount safety considerations

- **Elevated Ambient Temperature:** If installed in a closed rack assembly, the operating temperature of the rack environment may be greater than room ambient. Use care not to exceed the rated maximum ambient temperature of the switch.
- **Reduced Air Flow:** Installation of the equipment in a rack should be such that the amount of airflow required for safe operation of the equipment is not compromised.
- **Mechanical Loading:** Mounting of the equipment in the rack should be such that a hazardous condition does not exist due to uneven mechanical loading.
- **Circuit Overloading:** Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the supply circuit and the effect that overloading of circuits might have on overcurrent protection and supply wiring. Consider equipment nameplate ratings for maximum current.
- **Reliable Earthing:** Reliable earthing of rack mounted equipment should be maintained. Pay particular attention to supply connections other than direct connections to the branch circuit (for example, use of power strips).

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**NOTE:** The DTX Control appliance may be rack mounted in a 1U configuration.

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#### Connecting the DTX Control appliance

A typical DTX Control configuration includes the appliance, transmitters and user stations connected to the local area network (LAN). A terminal, or a computer running a terminal emulation program, is connected to the serial port for configuring basic network settings. The

DTX Control appliance, transmitters and user stations, as well as user accounts, are then configured from the browser interface to the DTX Control appliance.

## To connect the DTX Control appliance:

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**WARNING:** To reduce the risk of electric shock or damage to your equipment:

- Do not disable the power cord grounding plug. The grounding plug is an important safety feature.
  - Plug the power cord into a grounded (earthed) outlet that is easily accessible at all times.
  - Disconnect the power from the target computer by unplugging the power cord from either the electrical outlet or the target computer.
- 

1. Attach one end of the supplied power cord into the back panel of the DTX Control appliance and attach the other end to an appropriate AC power source. The DTX Control appliance has a power control button on the front panel.
  2. Connect the LAN Port 1 Ethernet port on the back panel of the DTX Control appliance to the LAN to which the transmitters and user stations are connected using standard UTP cables.
- 

**NOTE:** The DTX user stations and transmitters must be connected to LAN port 1. However, you can access the DTX Control appliance using the browser on a computer connected to either LAN port 1 or LAN port 2.

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## Configuring Network Settings

To assign an IP address to the DTX Control appliance, you must establish a connection to the serial menu first, then use the options on the serial console menu to configure the network settings for each of the LAN ports on the DTX Control appliance.

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**NOTE:** If you are connecting to only one LAN, only LAN port 1 needs to be configured.

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## To configure the network settings of the DTX Control appliance:

1. Connect a terminal or a computer that is running a terminal emulation program to the serial port on the back panel of the DTX Control appliance.
  2. Start a session with the following port settings:
    - Serial speed: 9600 bps
    - Data length: 8 data bits
    - Parity: None
    - Stop Bits: 1
    - Flow Control: None
  3. Once a connection is established, a serial console menu appears.
  4. Type 2 to configure any of the following network settings:
-

- Set eth speed
- Choose using DHCP or defining an IP address
- Type subnet mask
- Type gateway IP address
- Select default gateway
- Define primary DNS and secondary DNS

---

**NOTE:** The IP address on LAN port 1 must not change during operation of the appliance. Always configure LAN port 1 with a static IP address or, if using DHCP, ensure that the IP addresses are assigned with unlimited lease times. There is no restriction on how LAN port 2 can be configured. It is also possible to configure DNS on the DTX Control appliance if it is required for administrator access through a web browser.

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**NOTE:** If DHCP is selected, the DTX Control appliance must be rebooted for the change to take effect.

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5. Set the time and date on the serial menu.
6. Type **0** and press **Enter** to exit.

## 3.2 Launching the DTX Control Appliance Web Interface

The DTX Control appliance operates using default Internet Explorer settings. In the event that the default Internet Explorer settings have been altered, SSL and Javascript must be enabled to successfully access the DTX Control appliance.

### To launch the DTX Control appliance web interface:

1. Launch Microsoft® Internet Explorer.
2. In the address field of the browser, enter the IP address assigned to the DTX Control appliance LAN port 1. Use `https://xxx.xx.xx.xx` as the format.

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**NOTE:** If DNS is enabled, the address is the fully qualified host name assigned to the DTX Control appliance.

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3. Press **Enter**. The DTX Control appliance login screen appears.
4. Enter the login username and password. The first time you access the DTX Control appliance, enter **admin** as the username and **Admin1** as the password. For security reasons, you should change the default admin password. The admin account is authorized to perform all configuration and access all managed devices and cannot be removed or renamed. Click *Login* and the DTX Control Explorer window appears.

## The DTX Control Explorer window

Once a user has been logged in and authenticated, the Explorer window is displayed. From the Explorer window, you can view, access and manage units and users via the DTX Control appliance.



Figure 3-1. Explorer Window Areas

**Table 3-1. Explorer Windows Area Descriptions**

Letter	Description
A	Top option bar - Use the top option bar to log out of a software session, or to access online help. The name of the logged in user is displayed on the left side of the top option bar.
B	Tab bar - Use the tab bar to display and manage units, user accounts, system settings and reports.
C	Top navigation bar - The options in the top navigation bar vary depending on the active tab in the tab bar. Topics relevant to each selection display in the side navigation bar.
D	Side navigation bar - Use the side navigation bar to select system information to display or edit in the contenarea.
E	Content area - The information specified by the tab bar, top navigation bar and side navigation bar selections is displayed and changed in the content area.

### Using the side navigation bar

Use the side navigation bar to display windows or perform operations. The contents of the side navigation bar vary, depending on the tab and top navigation bar options that are in use.

The arrows displayed in the side navigation bar indicate where sub-options are available. You can display these items by clicking the main link. Where no arrow is displayed, clicking the link brings you directly to the option you have selected.

### Displaying pages

Multiple page windows contain menu options that may be used to navigate from one display to another. You can click the *Select All* checkbox to select all items on a page. Enabling this checkbox selects all the items listed on a page regardless of whether the entire page is visible. However, for multi-page displays, items listed on other pages will not be included in the selection. All screens that show lists, units, sessions and target computers automatically refresh every 10 seconds.

### Using keyboard commands

In addition to using a mouse, you can use keyboard commands to select and change items in windows.

**Table 3-2. General Keyboard Commands**

Key	Description
Tab	Transfers focus to the next control in the window, including the calendar
Shift-Tab	Transfers focus to the previous HTML control

### 3.3 Configuring DTX Control Servers

This section describes how to configure DTX Control server properties, backup and restore hub servers and manage spoke servers. This can be done from the System tab in the DTX Control Explorer window. It is recommended to configure your DTX Control server before adding users and units.

#### Server properties

##### To display server properties:

Click the *System* tab. Click on *DTX Control* in the top navigation bar and *Identity* will automatically be selected in the side navigation bar. The Server Identity Properties window will open. The top of the side navigation bar will indicate the name of the DTX Control server.

**Table 3-3. Server Properties**

Property	Description
Identity	Name of the DTX Control server, the server's role (hub or spoke), EID, serial and MPN numbers, and database and manager build versions. The add-on version is also indicated.
Network	IP address (*) and port used by clients to access the server using the HTTPS (SSL) protocol.
Email	IP address of the SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol) server that is used by the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance to send email notifications.

Property	Description
Target Computer Polling	Enables/disables unit status polling for the DTX Control server, and specifies the delay between polling cycles and the number of managed appliances that will be concurrently polled.
Spoke Servers	Enables you to manage the DTX Control spoke servers in your system.

## Server certificates

DTX Control administrators manage server certificates.

### Security alerts

The DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance uses SSL (Secure Sockets Layer) to securely communicate between the DTX Control hub server and DTX Control clients. SSL provides secure authentication using certificates, which is data that identifies the PC with which communication will occur. A certificate is typically verified by another certificate from a trusted certificate authority.

When the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance is initially installed, it generates a self-signed certificate for use with DTX Control clients. To replace this, a DTX Control administrator may create a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) to submit to a trusted third party Certificate Authority (CA) for signature. The administrator may then replace the generated certificate with the new one. If the generated certificate is not replaced, the web browser will prompt a user whether to trust the generated certificate when a DTX Control client session is started.

Three tests are performed on a certificate each time a DTX Control client connects to the DTX Control hub server:

- Does the client web browser trust the certificate issuer?
- Has the certificate expired?
- Does the name on the DTX Control server certificate match the name the DTX Control client used to access the DTX Control server?

A Security Alert dialog box will appear if the answer to any of the three questions is No. To prevent the Security Alert message box from appearing when you connect to the DTX Control hub server, all three questions must be answered Yes. When a Security Alert dialog box appears, you have the following choices:

- If you click *Yes*, a connection will be made with the DTX Control hub server and the DTX Control login window will appear, but the Security Alert dialog box will continue to appear each time you connect to the hub server.
- If you click *No*, a connection will not be made with the DTX Control hub server.

- If you click *View Certificate*, you may install the certificate; see below.

### To correct certificate security alerts for client and hub server connections:

1. From the DTX Control client, open a client session. The Security Alert dialog box will appear.
2. Click *View Certificate*. The Certificate dialog box will appear.
3. Click *Install Certificate*. See the Internet Explorer documentation for more information.
4. Once the certificate is installed, ensure that the time setting on the DTX Control client PC is within the Valid from...to... dates and that the Issued to and Issued by fields exactly match.

Invalid to...from dates typically occur when the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance is installed on a server that is set to an invalid time. When a DTX Control client that is set to a valid time connects to the DTX Control server that is set to an invalid time, the following warning will appear in the Security Alert dialog box: *The security certificate date is invalid.*

### To create a CSR:

1. Click the *System* tab - *DTX Control*.
2. Click *Certificate* in the side navigation bar. The DTX Control Server Certificate Properties window will open.
3. Click *Get CSR*. A File Download dialog box will appear.
4. Click *Open*. The CSR is downloaded and displays in the configured text editor.

-or-

Click *Save*. The Save As dialog box will appear. Select a directory and filename and click *Save* to save the CSR.

5. Submit the CSR generated request to a CA to obtain a signed server certificate.
6. Update the DTX Control server to use the certificate created by the CA.

### Managing hub and spoke server certificates

When a spoke server is registered with a hub server, a certificate trust relationship is established between the two servers. Certificate information must match on the hub server and the spoke servers for communication to take place between the servers. If the spoke server certificate is subsequently changed, a certificate mismatch will occur.

### To update the certificate of a spoke server on the hub server:

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**NOTE:** Certificates may only be viewed by DTX Control administrators and user administrators.

---

1. On the hub server, click the *System* tab - *DTX Control.Server* will automatically be selected in the top navigation bar and the name of the DTX Control hub server will appear at the top of the side navigation bar.
2. Click *Spoke Servers* in the side navigation bar. The Spoke Servers window will open.
3. In the Spoke Servers window, click *Certificate*. The Spoke Server Certificate window will open including information about the spoke server certificate (Actual Certificate) and the certificate registered for this spoke server on the hub server (Registered Certificate).
4. The window displays the certificate on the spoke server and the certificate registered on the hub server.

If the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance cannot obtain the certificate information from the spoke server, a message will appear at the bottom of the Server Certificate - Spoke Server window. The message states: *Remote server is not responding. Information displayed may not match remote side.*

- If the certificate information does not match, go to step 5.
  - If the certificate information matches, go to step 6.
5. Click *Update*. The spoke server certificate information will be updated on the hub server.
  6. Click *Close*. The Spoke Servers window will open.

## Email

### To specify email properties:

1. Click the *System* tab, *DTX Control*.
2. Click *Email* in the side navigation bar. The Server Email Server Properties window will open.
3. Type a new address for the SMTP server that sends email notifications as a domain name or an IP address in standard dot notation (xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx).
4. If your SMTP server requires login credentials, select *Login required to access SMTP server* and type a username and password, then confirm the password.
5. Click *Save* to store DTX Control email property information in the DTX Control database on the host.

## Unit status polling

### To use unit status polling:

1. Click the *System* tab.

2. Click *Unit Status Polling* in the side navigation bar. The Server Unit Status Polling Properties window will open.
3. Select *Enable unit status polling*.
4. Type the number of seconds to wait between polling cycles (from 30-999 seconds). The default is 900 seconds (15 minutes). A smaller value results in greater accuracy.
5. Type the number of managed appliances that may simultaneously be polled to obtain status information (from 1-25 units). The default is 5. A larger number results in faster speed.
6. Click *Save* to store unit status information in the DTX Control database on the host.

## 3.4 Backing up and Restoring Hub Servers Manually

### To manually backup or restore your hub server:

---

**NOTE:** Manual backup and restore procedures require DTX Control administrator privileges.

---

1. Click the *System* tab.
2. Click *DTX Control* in the top navigation menu, then click *Tools* in the side navigation bar.
3. If you are manually backing up your hub server, click the *Backup System tool* icon.  
-or-  
If you are restoring a 3.0.0 or greater database backup, click the *Restore System tool* icon.
4. Follow the wizard and pop-up instructions.

## 3.5 Spoke Servers

Information on the hub server is replicated on one or more spoke servers. Information about each spoke server, such as the IP address, port number and certificate, is stored in the hub server's database. You may specify up to 15 DTX Control servers as spoke servers.

---

**NOTE:** The DTX Control software versions of the spoke server and hub server must match in order to register a spoke server. For example, you may not register a spoke server running DTX Control software version 3.1 with a hub server running DTX Control software version 3.2.

---

A spoke server may be created by converting a hub server. To do this, register the hub server as a spoke to another DTX Control hub server. The DTX Control system data on the hub server being converted will be lost and the converted hub server will replicate the data of the new specified hub server.

You may also change the properties of a spoke server or remove spoke servers from your system.

### To display a list of spoke servers:

---

**NOTE:** The Spoke Servers window is only available on the hub server.

---

1. Click the *System* tab.
2. Click *DTX Control* in the top navigation bar. The side navigation bar will include the name of the server to which you are logged in.
3. Click *Properties* in the side navigation bar, and then click *Spoke Servers*. The Spoke Servers window will open.

You may change the fields that display by using the *Customize* link.

Each spoke server in the list includes status.

**Table 3-4. DTX Control Spoke Server Status**

Status	Cause
Responding	Normal operation. The hub and spoke servers are communicating with each other using HTTPS.
Not responding	The hub and spoke servers cannot communicate with each other using HTTPS. This typically indicates a network communication error. Ensure that network connectivity is occurring between the two servers.
Hub/Spoke Versions Not Compatible	The versions of DTX Control software on the hub and spoke servers are not compatible.
Certificates Do Not Match	Certificates on the hub server and spoke servers do not match.
Invalid Server or Versions Not Compatible	A server responded, but it is not compatible with the DTX Control software. This typically occurs when communication is attempted with a server that does not contain the software, or if either server contains an older version of the software. Ensure that both servers are running the same DTX Control software version.

### To add a spoke server:

1. Install the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance on the computer that will be used as a spoke server.
2. Configure the computer as a spoke server.

## To register a hub server as a spoke server:

Only DTX Control administrators may access this procedure.

---

**NOTE:** When registering a hub server as a spoke server on another DTX Extender system, the information on the hub server being registered will be lost. Its database will be updated to match the new hub server to which it is being registered.

---

1. Click the *System* tab.
2. Click *DTX Control* in the top navigation bar. The side navigation bar will include the name of the server to which you are logged in.
3. Select *Tools* in the side navigation bar. The Server Tools window will open.
4. Click the *Register as Spoke Server* icon or text. The Register Spoke Server Wizard will appear.
5. The Type in Hub Server Address window will open.
  - a. Type the IP address of the hub server in standard dot notation (xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx) or the domain name of the hub server.
  - b. Type the port number for the hub server.

If the default hub server port value (443) is modified, you must specify it when registering a spoke server so that register requests will be sent to the correct port on the hub server. For example, if the IP address of the hub server is 10.0.0.1 and the port number is changed to 444, type **https://10.0.0.1:444/dtview** in the Address field of the Register Spoke Server Wizard.
  - c. Click *Next*.
6. The Operation in Progress window will open briefly, followed by the Accept Hub Server Certificate window. Click *Next*.
7. The Type in Hub Server Administrator Credentials window will open. Click *Next*.
8. Type the name of a user with DTX Control administrator privileges on the hub server. Type a password for the user. Click *Next*.
9. The Operation In Progress window will open. The configuration of the spoke server will be saved to the database of the hub server and the spoke server's certificates will be installed on the hub server.
10. The Completed Successful window will open when the spoke server has been added.
11. Click *Finish*.

**To change spoke server network properties:**

---

**NOTE:** Spoke server network settings may need to be changed by DTX Control administrators when network settings are changed and the hub server did not automatically detect the changes. When changing the network settings, ensure that a port mismatch does not occur between the hub server and the spoke server.

---

1. On the hub server, click the *System* tab.
2. Click *DTX Control* in the top navigation bar. The side navigation bar will include the name of the server to which you are logged in.
3. Click *Properties* in the side navigation bar, and then click *Spoke Servers*. The Spoke Servers window will open.
4. Click on the name of the spoke server whose network properties you wish to change. The Spoke Server Network Properties window will open.
5. Change any of the following network settings:
  - Type a new computer name to use as the spoke server.
  - Type a new address in standard dot notation (xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx) for the spoke server.
  - Type a new port number for the spoke server.
6. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The Spoke Servers window will open.

**To delete a spoke server:**

1. On the hub server, click the *System* tab.
2. Click *DTX Control* in the top navigation bar. The side navigation bar will include the name of the server to which you are logged in.
3. Click *Properties* in the side navigation bar, and then click *Spoke Servers*. The Spoke Servers window will open.
4. Click the checkbox to the left of the spoke servers you wish to delete. To delete all spoke servers, click the checkbox to the left of Name at the top of the list.
5. Click *Delete*. A confirmation dialog box will appear.
6. Confirm or cancel the deletion.

---

**NOTE:** When a spoke server is deleted, it is no longer allowed to communicate with the hub server. Only spoke servers that are no longer active should be deleted. If a spoke server is still active, it may be re-registered using the Register Spoke Server wizard.

---

## Promoting spoke servers

Promoting a spoke server to be a hub server is usually done only if the current hub server is no longer operational and will not be brought back into service. (For less severe problems with a hub server, the backup and restore operations can be used.)

If a spoke server must be promoted, be sure to run the replication task, if possible on all other spoke servers, then on the spoke server being promoted, immediately before the promotion. This will prevent loss of data from the other spoke servers. See "Replication" on page 22 for more information.

(After the promotion of a spoke server to a hub, if the server that was originally the hub becomes operational again, it will have to register as a spoke server, since a system can have only one hub server.)

### To promote a spoke server to be a hub server:

1. On the spoke server, click the *System* tab.
2. Click *Tools* in the side navigation bar.
3. Click *Promote to hub server*. The Promote Hub Server Wizard will appear.
4. Follow the prompts and heed the cautionary warnings in the wizard. The spoke server on which the wizard is running will become the hub server, and the other spoke servers will be advised of the changed configuration.

## 3.6 Replication

Replication is a task that synchronizes the hub and spoke server databases. By default, replication runs every 12 hours on each spoke server. A spoke server's first replication occurs automatically when the spoke server is added to the DTX Control system. You may change the interval that the replication task runs on each spoke server, or you may initiate an immediate replication.

During replication, the spoke server sends all of its database changes since the last replication to the hub server. The hub server then incorporates those changes and sends all of its database changes since the last replication to the spoke server (excluding the changes that spoke server just sent to the hub server).

If an item is added on a spoke server, and another item with the same name (but perhaps with different configuration parameters) is added on the hub server, then after replication, both items will appear on both the hub and spoke servers, with a tilde (~) and a number added to one of the names. The administrator should handle the issue appropriately - in some cases, the duplicate item may need to be renamed; in others, the duplicate item should be deleted.

When different changes are made to one existing item, two outcomes are possible. For example, assume an item is added and configured on the hub server and is then replicated to the spoke server. Later, an administrator changes something about the item on the spoke server. Another administrator then changes something about the item on the hub server. When the replication task runs, two things may happen.

In a few instances where no conflict occurs, both changes will be incorporated and replicated. For example, if the hub server's administrator adds username JaneDoe to the existing user-defined user group Accounting and the spoke server's administrator adds username JohnDoe to the Accounting user group, both names will be added and replicated.

In most other instances where the changes are mutually exclusive or some other conflict occurs, the most recent change will be the only change accepted and replicated. For example, if the hub server's administrator associates a unit with the Miami site, and the spoke server's administrator associates the same unit with the Chicago site, the change that was made closest to the time of replication (that is, the most recent change) will be accepted and replicated.

This emphasizes the importance of ensuring the hub and spoke servers' clocks are synchronized.

The exception to the last-change rule is when one of the actions deletes an item - in that case, the deletion is accepted and replicated, regardless of timing. For example, if a unit was deleted on the hub server, and then the contact information for the same unit was changed on the spoke server a minute later, the unit will be deleted when the replication task is run.

On a spoke server, you may enable a replication task property that forces the spoke server to retrieve a snapshot of the hub database rather than synchronizing changes back and forth. The snapshot is a copy of the hub at the time of the operation. This feature is not normally used; it is intended to help recover a system when replication has failed.

## Initial load

---

**NOTE:** The DTX Control appliance is configured as hub by default.

---

When a DTX Control appliance is registered as spoke server into another DTX Control appliance, all the data in the spoke is deleted and overwritten with the data from the hub. This process is called initial load. Once the initial load is completed, both DTX Control appliances have the same information.

## Incremental updates

The incremental updates are done by the pull and push tasks which are executed every period of time (by default 1 minute) by each spoke. The push task takes care of sending all the changes to the hub, while the pull task retrieves changes from the hub.

If communication between the hub and a spoke is broken, changes are queued in both sides. Upon communication being reestablished, the push and pull tasks send and retrieve all the changes since the last time the replication was successful.

### To register a DTX Control appliance as a spoke server:

---

**NOTE:** Because the spoke database gets deleted in this operation, BLACK BOX recommends making a backup copy of the spoke database first.

---

1. Click on *System tab - DTX Control - Tools*.
2. Click *Register as Spoke Server* wizard.
3. Click *Next*.
4. Type the hub's IP address and port (default is 443) and click *Next*.
5. On the Accept Hub Server Certificate Page, click *Next* to accept the hub certificate.
6. Enter the hub administrator username and password and click *Next*.
7. Wait until the registration process ends. In this step all the data in the spoke is deleted and overwritten with the data from the hub.
8. After the registration process is complete, click *Finish* to exit the wizard.

### To promote a DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance from spoke to hub:

Once a DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance has been registered as spoke of another DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance hub, you can promote spokes to work as a hub. The old hub will become a new spoke of the promoted DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance.

In the spoke DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance:

1. Click on *System - DTX Control - Tools*.
2. Click *Promote to Hub Server* wizard.
3. Click *Next* in the Welcome page.
4. Click *Next* in the Confirm Server Promotion page.
5. Wait until the promotion process ends. In this step the spoke is promoted to hub and sends request to all the other servers to become spokes.
6. Click *Finish* to exit the wizard and go to the Server Tools page.

### To delete a spoke server registration using the Spoke Server view

You can delete a spoke registration using the Spoke Server view. If the spoke is deleted, the pull and push tasks will still run in the spoke, but the requests are not accepted by the hub.

1. In the hub DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance, click on *System - DTX Control - Properties - Spoke Servers* to show the Spoke Server view.
2. Check the box of the spoke server registration to be deleted.
3. Click the *Delete* button and confirm the operation. The spoke server is no longer listed in the Spoke Server view. Any change in the spoke database will not be replicated to the hub, and any change in the hub or the other spokes will not be replicated to that spoke.

---

**NOTE:** You can register the spoke with the hub again using the Register as Spoke Server wizard.

---

## Modify Push and Pull task periods of time

The Pull and Push task are executed during specific periods of time.

### To change the default time values using the Database Replication Properties page:

1. In the spoke DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance, click on *System - DTX Control - DB Replication* to show the Database Replication Properties page.
2. Edit the time values.
3. Click *Save*. You must restart the server to allow the changes take effect.

---

**NOTE:** These properties are only used by the spoke server.

---

## 3.7 Next Steps

At this point, only the administrator can log in to the DTX Control appliance. Now the administrator may choose to add and manage units or set up additional user accounts. Users can also add and manage units if they are assigned access rights by the administrator.

To add and manage units, see:

- "Units View Windows" on page 27
- "Managing Units" on page 33
- "Unit Sessions and Connections" on page 49
- "Grouping Units" on page 51

To configure authentication services and units, see:

- "Authentication Services" on page 63
- "Managing User Accounts" on page 91
- "User Groups" on page 103



## 4. Units View Windows

Units View windows display list of units that have been added to the DTX Control database.

A user must have unit view access rights to open Units View windows. Also, units will not display if they are hidden.

Each Units View window contains one or more information fields.

Units are displayed in a table format with column headings. Use the checkbox to the left of each unit name to select/deselect the unit for an operation. To select all the units on a page, click the checkbox at the left of all the column headings at the top of the list - this is usually to the left of the Name column. Clicking this Select All checkbox will automatically enable the checkboxes for all units on that page. To deselect items that were previously selected, click on the checkbox.

When you click the checkbox at the top of the list, all units on the current page are selected (or deselected if they were previously all selected). If the list of units spans more than one page, units on subsequent pages will not be selected. You can specify how many items will appear on a Units View page (that is, the number of rows).

### 4.1 Types of Units View Windows

There are four types of Units View windows, which are accessed by clicking tabs and side navigation bar links.

Any Units View window that contains managed appliances may also be viewed using the topology feature, which displays a hierarchical structure.

- **All Appliances:** The Appliances - All window lists all managed appliances.
- **Appliance Type:** Appliance Type windows list all managed appliances of a particular type. The Appliance Type links in the side navigation bar are listed under Appliances - All.

An appliance type will only be listed in the side navigation bar if an appliance of that type has been added to the DTX Control database and the user has access to it.

- **Target Devices:** If target device types have been created, their links in the side navigation bar are listed under Target Devices - All.
- **Mixed Views:** Mixed view windows may contain managed appliances, target devices or both. Several links in the side navigation bar will open mixed view Units View windows.
  - Recently Accessed - Units that the user has accessed most recently.

- Groups - Units that have been assigned to a personal or global unit group.
- Sites - Units that have been assigned to a site.
- Departments - Units that have been assigned to a department.
- Locations - Units that have been assigned to a location.
- Custom fields - Units that have been assigned to custom groups. These group names may also have custom field labels.

## 4.2 Showing and Hiding Units

Hiding turns off the display of units in the window, but does not remove the units from the DTX Control system.

### To hide a unit:

1. In a Units View window, click *Customize*. The Units View Customization window will open.
2. Click *Visibility* in the Available Fields column and then click *Add*. Visibility will be moved to the Fields to Show column.
3. Enable the *Show hidden items* checkbox if you wish to display hidden units in the Units View Customization window with a transparent icon.
4. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The window will open, containing the Visibility column. The Visibility column will display Hide for each unit.
5. Click *Hide* for each unit.

The display of the selected unit will be turned off in the Units View window if *Show hidden items* was not selected in the Units View Customization window.

If *Show hidden items* was selected, the hidden unit will appear with a transparent icon.

### To hide multiple units with one operation:

1. In a Units View window, click the checkbox next to the units you want to hide from display. To select all units on the page, click the checkbox to the left of Name at the top of the list.
2. Click *Operations*, then select *Hide Units* from the drop-down menu.

### To show hidden units:

1. In a Units View window click *Customize*. The Units View Customization window will open.

2. Click *Visibility* in the Available Fields column and then click *Add*. Visibility will be moved to the Fields to Show column.
3. Click *Show hidden items*.
4. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The Units View window will open, containing the hidden items and the Visibility column. Hidden items will have a transparent icon and the Visibility field will contain Show.
5. Click *Show* in the Visibility column for the unit(s) you want to display. The unit will be made visible, the icon will no longer be transparent and the Visibility field will change to Hide.

### 4.3 Units View Windows Fields

The following fields may appear in Units View windows.

- Name in DTL Control - Name of the unit as defined in the DTX Control database. Click on the name to display or change unit information.
- Type - Type of target device or managed appliance model. Managed appliance types cannot be changed; to assign a type to a target device.
- Status - Current activity level of a unit. Table 4-1 lists and describes the possible values.

**Table 4-1. Unit Status Values**

Unit type	Status and Icon	Icon	Description
Any unit	Idle	N/A	The unit is powered up with no connection.
Any unit	In Use		The unit has at least one active connection.
Any unit	Status Unknown		The status of the unit was reported to the software but cannot be obtained for an unknown reason.
Target devices	No Power		The target device is powered down.
Target devices	No device attached (topology view only)	N/A	The port does not have a target device attached.
Managed appliances	Not Responding		The managed appliance did not provide status information. This may occur for multiple reasons, such as the appliance is not powered up or it is disconnected from the DTX Control system.

## 4.4 Multiple Unit Operations from a Units View Window

From a Units View window, you may delete one or more units or assign access rights for one or more units.

You may also use the Operations button/menu to initiate certain actions on one or more units.

- Hiding units from view
- Reboot
- Show version
- Change unit properties

Custom operations defined in plug-ins may also be listed in the Operations menu.

A given action will be available only if at least one of the selected units supports the action. If a selected unit does not support the operation, it will be reported as such in the results window.

When one of these multiple unit operations is initiated and confirmed (if needed), a system task is created that will perform the operation on each unit. The Multiple Unit Operation window will open, indicating the operation has been submitted. This window contains a link that directs the user to the Operations Results window for the task.

### To initiate and view results from multiple unit operations from a Units View window:

1. In a Units View window, initiate the multiple unit operation as described in the procedures referenced above. If prompted, confirm the operation.
2. The Multiple Unit Operation window will open, indicating the operation has been submitted.

If you do not want to view the results of the operation, click *Close* and skip the rest of this procedure.

To view the results of the operation, click *Click here to view results*.

3. The Operations Results window will open, listing all multiple unit operations and any unit tasks that have been initiated. The entry for each operation includes:
  - Name of the operation
  - When the operation started
  - When the operation finished (blank if not yet complete)
  - Status or result of the operation

You may also access this window at any time by clicking the *Units* tab, then clicking *Operation Results* in the side navigation bar.

4. To view the results for an individual operation, click on the name. The Operation Results window for that operation type will open, indicating:
  - Status - Current status of the task
  - Summary - Number of successful/failed/total unit operations (for example, the summary of an operation with a status of ‘Rebooting the unit(s)’ might contain a 2/0/3 summary - 2 successful, 0 failed and 3 total units)
  - Name of the operation
  - Type of unit
  - When the operation started
  - How long the operation took
  - Status or result of the operation on the unit
5. Click *Close*.

## 4.5 Unit Overview Windows

You may change the overview information for one target device from a Unit Overview window. From a Units View window, you can change the type or icon for several target devices in one operation. This may be helpful when you want to assign the same values to several units.

### To change overview information for a target device:

1. In a Units View window containing target devices, click on the name of a target device. The Unit Overview window will open.
2. Enter a name for the target device.
3. Enter a type for the target device.
4. Select a new icon for the target device using the arrows.
5. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The Units View window will open. If you added a type that was not previously defined, it will appear under Target Devices in the side navigation bar.

### To change the name of a managed appliance from the Unit Overview window:

1. Under *Unit Settings - Summary*, click on the name of an appliance. The Unit Overview window will open.
2. Type a name for the managed appliance. (You cannot change the type.)

3. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The Units View window will open.

## 4.6 Unit Status Window

### To use the Unit Status window:

1. Click the *Units* tab, then click *Unit Status* in the side navigation bar.
2. The Unit Status window opens.
3. You can filter what units are displayed by selecting a status from the Filter menu. Each unit status is color-coded. The default filtered status is Active Status which displays only currently active units.
4. You can select how often the Unit Status is updated by selecting a time from the Interval menu.
5. You can view the Unit Overview window by double-clicking the unit name, or right-clicking the unit name and selecting *Show Unit Overview*.

## 5. Managing Units

This chapter describes how to manage unit properties and settings, access rights and local account settings, and how to view unit asset and usage reports.

### 5.1 Using the Units Tab in the Explorer Window

From the Units tab in the DTX Control Explorer, you can manage user operations such as adding and deleting units, changing unit properties and upgrading your firmware. When you click the *Units* tab, the Units - All window displays.

---

**NOTE:** In the DTX Control Explorer, the term “units” refers to transmitters and/or user stations.

---

#### Deleting units

##### To delete a unit:

1. In a Units - All window, click to select the checkbox next to the unit name. To delete all units on the page, click to select the checkbox to the left of the Name field at the top of the list.
2. Click *Delete*. The unit(s) is immediately removed from the DTX Control database and disappears from the list.

### 5.2 The Units All Window

The Units - All window displays the list of units added to the DTX Control database. You can use the checkbox to the left of each unit name to select/deselect the unit for an operation. The following fields will appear in Units - All window.

- **Name** - Name of the unit as defined in the DTX Control database. Click the name to display or change unit information.
- **Type** - Type of unit or session. Unit and session types cannot be changed.
- **Status** - Current operating status of a unit.

The table below lists and describes the possible values in the status field.

**Table 5-1. Unit Status Values**

Type	Status and Icon	Description
Managed Units	Idle	Unit is turned on, can be communicated with and is not associated with an active media session.
Managed Units	In Use	Unit is associated with a session.
Managed Units	Upgrading	Unit firmware is being upgraded.
Managed Units	Not Responding	The DTX Control appliance cannot contact the unit.
Target Computers	Idle	Target computer is not associated with an active media session.
Target Computers	In Use	Target computer is associated with an active media session.
Active Session	Active	The active session is running and the units are responding.
Active Session	Not Responding	The units involved in the active session are not responding. If an active session does not respond for more than 20 minutes, it will be deleted.

- IP Address - The IP address of a managed unit.
- Department - The name of the department to which a managed unit has been assigned.
- Location - The name of the location to which a managed unit has been assigned.
- Revision - The current firmware version that is installed on a managed unit.

### Commonly used Units windows

In the side navigation bar of the Units - All window is a list of Units windows. The most commonly accessed windows are:

- All: Click *Units* in the side navigation bar to display the managed units. The Units - All window will re-open. You can click on a link in the side navigation bar to view a summary of all units, all DTX user stations or all transmitters.

- **Target Computers:** Click *Target Computers* in the side navigation bar to see a list of all target computers in the system.
- **Active Sessions:** Click *Active Sessions* in the side navigation bar to view a list of all the users that are accessing user stations, and which transmitters are being accessed by which users. The Active Sessions window also displays start times and session duration. An active session starts when a connection is made between a transmitter and a user station.

---

**NOTE:** An authorized pair is a pairing of a transmitter and a target computer that has been accepted by the administrator; an unauthorized pair has not been accepted by the administrator as a desired pairing. An unauthorized pairing can occur after initial discovery of a device pair, or if the transmitter was inserted into the wrong target computer.

---

## Adding units via the Add Unit Wizard

Before you can manage units in the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance, you must first add them to the DTX Control database. You can add units to the DTX Control database by clicking on *Add* in the Units - All window. The Add Unit Wizard will appear, allowing you to:

- Add a single unit
- Discover units within an IP address range
- Discover units on an IP subnet address

### Adding a single appliance

This procedure is valid for DTX user stations and transmitters.

---

**NOTE:** A unit can only be added to the DTX Control database if it is turned on and attached to the network.

---

### To add a single unit that already has an IP address:

1. In a Units - All window containing managed units, click *Add*. The Add Unit Wizard Welcome Window will open. Click *Next*.
2. The Select Add Unit Procedure window will open. Click *Add a single unit*, then click *Next*.
3. The Select Unit Type window will open. Select a unit from the product list, then click *Next*.
4. The Select Address Configuration of Unit window will open. Select *Yes, the <Managed Unit Type> does have an address* and type the address of the unit. Click *Next*.

5. The Search Results window will open. The name and MAC address of the discovered unit will be displayed. Click *Next*.
6. The Completed Successfully window will open. To exit the Add Unit Wizard, click *Finish*.

### **To add a single unit that does not have an IP address:**

1. In a Units - All window containing managed units, click *Add*. The Add Unit Wizard Welcome Window will open. Click *Next*.
2. The Select Add Unit Procedure window will open. Click *Add a single unit*, then click *Next*.
3. The Select Unit Type window will open. Select a unit from the product list, then click *Next*.
4. The Select Address Configuration of Unit window will open. Select *No, the <Managed Unit Type> does not have an address* and click *Next*.
5. The Configure Unit Network Settings window will open.
  - a. Type the IP address and subnet mask, in standard dot notation (xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx), for the managed unit.
  - b. Optionally, type a gateway in standard dot notation (xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx).
  - c. Click *Next*.
6. The Add Discovered Unit window will open. Select the discovered unit from the list, then click *Next*.
7. The Completed Successfully window will open. To exit the Add Unit Wizard, click *Finish*.

### **Adding units from a range of IP addresses**

This procedure is valid for transmitters and DTX user stations.

#### **To add a unit from a range of IP addresses:**

1. In a Units - All window containing managed units, click *Add*. The Add Unit Wizard Welcome Window will open. Click *Next*.
2. The Select Add Unit Procedure window will open. Click *Discover units within an IP address range*, and then click *Next*.
3. The Enter IP Address Range window will open.
  - a. Type the IP address, in standard dot notation (xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx), from which to begin and end the search.

- b. Click *Next*.
4. The DTX Control appliance will search for managed units within the IP address range. When the search is completed, the Select Units to Add window will open, listing the results.
5. To add one or more managed units, select the managed units in the Units Found list, then click *Add*. The managed units will be moved to the Units to Add list.
6. To remove one or more managed units, select the managed units in the Units to Add list, then click *Remove*. The managed units will be moved to the Units Found list.
7. Click *Next*.
8. The Completed Successfully window will open. To exit the Add Unit Wizard, click *Finish*.

### **Adding units on an IP subnet**

This procedure is valid for transmitters and DTX user stations.

#### **To add a unit from a subnet:**

1. In a Units - All window containing managed units, click *Add*. The Add Unit Wizard Welcome Window will open. Click *Next*.
2. The Select Add Unit Procedure window will open. Click *Discover units on an IP subnet address* and then click *Next*. The Enter Subnet Address Window will open.
3. Type the IP address in standard dot notation (xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx) and click *Next*.
4. The DTX Control appliance searches for managed units within the IP subnet address range. When the search is completed, the Select Units to Add window will open, listing the results.
5. To add one or more managed units, select the managed units in the Units Found list, then click *Add*. The managed units will be moved to the Units to Add list.
6. To remove one or more managed units, select the managed units in the Units to Add list, then click *Remove*. The managed units will be moved to the Units Found list.
7. Click *Next*.
8. The Completed Successfully window will open. To exit the Add Unit Wizard, click *Finish*.

## **5.3 The Unit Overview Window**

To view a summary of all units managed by the DTX Control appliance, click the *Units* tab. The Units - All window will open, showing all the units that are managed by the DTX

Control appliance. To view a list that contains only transmitters or only user stations, select the appropriate option in the side navigation bar.

To view information about individual user stations or transmitters, click on a specific unit listed in the Units - All window. The Unit Overview window opens.

When the Unit Overview window opens, the following information is displayed:

- For Managed Units (user stations and transmitters) - Name, Type, EID, MPN, Address, MAC address and status of the managed units and the tools that can be used to reboot and upgrade firmware. The available tasks depend on the type of managed unit.
- For Authorized Target Computers - Display Name, Type, Address and MAC address

The Unit Overview window also enables you to change the name of a unit, reboot a unit or upgrade the firmware of a unit. See "Managing firmware upgrades" on page 42 for more information on upgrading your firmware.

### To change the name of a unit:

1. Click the *Units* tab. A list of all units managed by the DTX Control appliance is displayed.
2. Click the unit name you wish to change. The Unit Overview window will open.
3. Type a new name for the managed unit.

---

**NOTE:** You cannot change the unit type.

---

4. Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

### Changing unit properties

The DTX Control appliance enables you to manage the department and location properties as well as the primary contact details for each unit.

### To change the properties of a unit:

1. Click the *Units* tab. A list of all units managed by the DTX Control appliance is displayed.
2. Click the unit name you wish to change. The Unit Overview window will open.
3. Select *Properties* from the side navigation bar.
4. The Unit Properties window will open. This window displays all the general properties of the unit. Edit the properties you wish to change.

---

**NOTE:** Part Number (MPN), Serial Number (EID) and model type are read-only values. These values are read from a unit during discovery and cannot be changed.

---

- Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

## Configuring network settings for a transmitter or user station

The administrator can use the DTX Control appliance to change a unit's IP address, subnet mask, default gateway and DHCP status. These changes can be done from the Unit Settings menu available in the side navigation bar of the Unit Overview window. Once you have implemented the changes, the unit will reboot.

All configuration options under the Unit Settings menu in the side navigation window involve live communication with a transmitter or user station. The transmitter or user station must be turned on, discovered and added for the DTX Control appliance to display its properties.

If the DTX Control appliance cannot communicate with a transmitter or user station, it will display the following communication error: *An error was encountered communicating with the Unit. Please check the unit's network settings and connectivity.*

### To change the network settings of a managed unit:

- Click the *Units* tab. A list of all units managed by the DTX Control appliance is displayed.
- Click the unit name whose network settings you wish to change. The Unit Overview window will open.
- Click *Network* under Unit Settings in the side navigation bar. The Unit Network Settings window will open.
  - Type an address, subnet and gateway in standard dot notation (xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx).
  - Enable or disable DHCP.
- Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

## Enabling Auto Login Mode for a DTX user station

Auto Login Mode enables you to configure a DTX user station to grant any user access to the target computer paired with that DTX user station, without the need to enter a username or a password.

### To enable or disable Auto Login Mode for a DTX user station:

- Click the *Units* tab. A list of all units managed by the DTX Control appliance is displayed.
- Click the DTX user station name for which you require information. The Unit Overview window opens.

3. Under Unit Settings in the side navigation bar, click *Modes*. The Unit Auto Login/Operating Mode Settings window opens.
4. In the Unit Auto Login Mode section, choose *Disable* or *Enable*.
5. If Auto Login Mode is enabled, select a target computer from the Auto Login Mode Target Computer list-box. This is the target computer that will be connected during the auto login process.
6. Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

## Viewing version information

### To view version information for a unit:

1. Click the *Units* tab. A list of all units managed by the DTX Control appliance is displayed.
2. Click the unit name for which you require information. The Unit Overview window opens.
3. Under Unit Settings in the side navigation bar, click *Versions*. The Unit Version Information window will open, containing the following information:
  - Release - The version release number.
  - Application - The application software version.
  - Boot - The boot software version.
  - FPGA - The FPGA version.

## Rebooting a unit

### To reboot a unit:

1. Click the *Units* tab. A list of all units managed by the DTX Control appliance is displayed.
2. Click the unit name for which you require information. The Unit Overview window opens.
3. In the Tools section, click *Reboot*. The unit reboots to apply any changes.

## Setting the Operating Mode for a DTX user station

The DTX Extender system can operate in two modes - Desktop Mode and Extender Mode. The operating mode of a DTX Extender system can be set through the DTX user station.

Extender Mode is the default factory setting for a DTX Extender system. In Extender Mode, a DTX user station automatically discovers and connects to its corresponding transmitter on

the network. The DTX Control appliance is not required as part of the system when in Extender Mode.

When in Desktop Mode, a DTX Extender system can be managed and administered through the DTX Control appliance.

### To change the operating mode for a DTX user station:

1. Click the *Units* tab. A list of all units managed by the DTX Control appliance is displayed.
2. Click the appropriate DTX user station name. The Unit Overview window opens.
3. Under unit settings in the side navigation bar, click *Modes*. The Unit Auto Login/Operating Mode Settings window opens.
4. In the Unit Operating Mode section, choose *Extender* or *Desktop*.
5. Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

### Share Mode

Share Mode allows multiple users (up to eight user stations per transmitter) to share the audio and video of a target computer over the network and arbitrate for control of that computer.

### To set the transmitter to shared mode:

1. Click the *Units* tab. A list of all units managed by the DTX Control appliance is displayed.
2. Select the transmitter you want to configure for Share Mode.
3. On the side navigation bar, select *Unit Settings* and then *Mode*. The combo box indicates what mode the transmitter is currently in.
4. From the combo box, select *Shared*.
5. Click *Save* and then *Close*.

After the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance processes the request, the screen is refreshed with the mode set to Shared. The transmitter is now in Share Mode and will accept multiple connections.

---

**NOTE:** This feature requires the user station to be in Desktop Mode. See "Setting the Operating Mode for a DTX user station" on page 40.

---

## Managing firmware upgrades

### To upgrade the firmware on a single unit:

---

**NOTE:** You cannot perform a firmware upgrade unless a firmware upgrade file has been added to the DTX Control appliance repository. Also, upgrading the unit firmware requires the unit to reboot; currently active sessions will be disconnected.

---

1. Click the *Units* tab. A list of all units managed by the DTX Control appliance is displayed.
2. Click the appropriate unit name. The Unit Overview window will open.
3. In the Tools section, click the *Upgrade Firmware* icon. The Upgrade Unit Firmware wizard will launch.
4. Click *Next*. The Select Firmware Files window will open. To add a firmware file to the update list, select the file in the Available Firmware Files list, then click *Add*. The properties will be moved to the Firmware Files to Update list.
5. Select the firmware file you wish to use. Click *Next*. The unit reboots to apply the new settings. The Completed Successfully window will open.
6. Click *Finish*.

During a firmware upgrade, the unit status in the Units - All window will be set to Upgrading. The event log can also be used to monitor the status of a unit firmware update. When the firmware update is complete, the unit firmware revision field is updated and the unit reverts to the status Idle.

## Viewing/changing target computer overview information

### To view overview information for a target computer:

1. Click the *Units* tab. The Units - All window will open.
2. Select *Target Computers* from the side navigation bar. A list of all the target computers that are managed by the DTX Control appliance is displayed.
3. Click the name of a target computer in the Target Computers - All window. The Target Computer Overview window will open.

### To change overview information for a target computer:

1. After opening the Target Computer Overview window, type a name and a display name for the target computer.
2. Type a name for the Authorized Transmitter.
3. Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

## Managing user access to target computers

### To manage user access to target computers:

1. Click the *Units* tab. The Units - All window will open.
2. Select *Target Computers* from the side navigation menu. This displays a list of all target computers in the Target Computers - All window.
3. Choose the appropriate target computer. The Target Computer Overview window opens.
4. Select *Users* from the side navigation menu. The Target Computer User Configuration window opens. There are two list boxes in this window: Non Associated Users and Associated Users.
5. Select the required user from the Non Associated Users list box and add to the Associated Users list box by clicking the *Add* button. The target computer is now allocated to that user.
6. Click *Save*.

### Changing target computer properties

The DTX Control appliance enables you to change the following properties for each target computer:

- Part Number
- Serial Number
- Model Number
- Asset tag number
- Department
- Location
- Primary contact details (name, telephone number)

### To change the properties of a target computer:

1. In the Target Computers - All window, click the name of the target computer to edit. The Target Computer Overview window will open.
2. Click *Properties* on the side navigation bar.
3. The Target Computer Properties window opens. This window displays the general properties of the target computer. Edit the properties you wish to change.
4. Click *Save*.

## 5.4 Departments and Locations Windows

The DTX Control appliance also provides a means to attach logical location identifiers to units, making it easier for administrators to track and locate units within their organization. The Departments window identifies units that have been assigned to a department, while the Locations window identifies units that have been assigned to a location. Access the Departments window by clicking *Units - Departments* and access the Locations window by clicking *Units - Locations*.

To group units by department or location, you must create a department or location and then associate units with it. Departments or locations that contain units to which a user does not have access rights will not appear in the side navigation bar. The department or location must also have at least one unit associated with it to be displayed in the side navigation bar.

### To add a department or location:

1. Click the *Units* tab.
2. To add a department, click *Departments* in the top navigation bar. The Departments window opens.  
- or -  
To add a location, click *Locations* in the top navigation bar. The Locations window opens.
3. Click *Add*. The Add Department or Add Location window will open.
4. Type a name, and then click *Add*. The Departments or Locations window will open.

### To delete a department or location:

1. Click the *Units* tab.
2. To delete a department, click *Departments* in the top navigation bar. The Departments window opens.  
- or -  
To delete a location, click *Locations* in the top navigation bar. The Locations window opens.
3. Click to select the checkbox to the left of one or more departments/locations. To delete all departments/locations in the page, click to select the checkbox to the left of the Name field at the top of the list.
4. Click *Delete*. A confirmation dialog box will appear.
5. Confirm or cancel the deletion.

**To change the name of a department or location:**

1. Click the *Units* tab. The Units - All window will open.
2. To change the name of a department, click *Departments* in the top navigation bar. The Departments window opens.  
- or -  
To change the name of a location, click *Locations* in the top navigation bar. The Locations window opens.
3. Click the name of a department/location. The Department/Location Name window will open.
4. Type a new character name (1 - 64 characters).
5. Click *Save* and then click Close. The Departments or Locations window will open.

**To associate or change the association of an existing unit to a department or location:**

1. Click the *Units* tab.
2. Click the name of a unit. The Unit Overview window opens.
3. Click *Properties* in the side navigation bar.
4. From the drop-down lists, select the department and/or location to associate with the unit. If you do not wish to associate the unit with any site, department or location choose the top (empty) item from the menu.
5. Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

**Importing DTX Control databases**

The Import DTX Control software database tool allows you to import an existing DTX Control software database into the DTX Control system. When a database is imported, users and user groups with unit access right will also be imported.

The following actions occur when a DTX Control software database is imported into the DTX Control system:

- A global unit group is created in the system for each group found in the DTX Control software database. The DTX Control system does not provide DTX Control software Topology unit group nesting. Unit group names added to the system are a concatenation of the hierarchical names found in the DTX Control software, including the truncation of names when necessary.

- If a user had Admin rights in the DTX Control software for all nodes in the tree (including the Topology node), the user will be added as a member and inherit the access rights of a DTX Control administrator user group member in the DTX Control system.

If a user had Admin rights in the DTX Control software for all nodes in the tree except for the Topology node, the user will be added as a member and inherit the access rights of an appliance administrator user group member in the DTX Control system.

If a user had any other type rights in the DTX Control software, the user will be added as a member of the user group in the DTX Control system. Access rights are set for units to which the user has access as follows:

- A user with Admin rights to a target device in the DTX Control software will be assigned the Configure Unit Settings and Control Target Device Power access rights in the DTX Control system.
- A user with User rights to a switch in the DTX Control software will not be assigned any access rights in the DTX Control system.
- A user with Admin rights to a switch in the DTX Control software will be assigned the Reboot Appliance, Flash Upgrade Appliance and Configure Appliance Settings access rights in the DTX Control system.
- Cascade switch types in the DTX Control software database cannot be determined during the import process and are added as Generic 1 x <n> switches, based on the number of found switch channels. After importing the DTX Control software database and running the Migrate DTX Control Units task, you may run the Resync Wizard on individual appliances, digital switches and switches to specify switch types and merge multiuser switches.
- The DTX Control software Everyone user group cannot be imported into DTX Control systems.

## Before using the Import DTX Control Software Database tool

### To import DTX Control software databases:

1. In the Units Tools window, click the *Import DTX Control Database* icon or link. The Import DTX Control Database Wizard will appear.
2. Use the *Browse* button to locate the .zip backup file of the DTX Control software database you created, then click *Next*.

3. The Import in Progress window will open, displaying the current step being performed, as the DTX Control software database is importing. Upon completion of the wizard, an event will be recorded with the results of the import.
4. Click *Finish*. The Units Tools window will open.

### After running the Import DTX Control Database tool

Units requiring migration will contain *Migration Needed* in the Migration Status field of Units View windows.

Although the managed appliances have been imported from the DTX Control software database into the DTX Control system, they are not yet compatible with the DTX Control appliance. To complete the configuration and update the firmware on each type of managed appliance, you must use the Migrate Units task.

### Active media sessions

An active media session is created when a user connects to a target computer by logging in through a DTX user station. The DTX Control appliance enables you to monitor the following properties of an active media session:

- Start time of the session
- Duration of the session
- Logged in username
- User station
- Transmitter
- Target computer
- Active Media Session status

---

**NOTE:** It is not possible to restrict the types of media available during an active media session. A connection will enable all media sessions: Video, Audio, Keyboard/Mouse and vMedia.

---

### All active media sessions

#### To view a summary of all active sessions:

1. Click the *Units* tab. The Units - All window will open.
2. Click *Active Sessions* in the side navigation bar. The Active Media Sessions window opens, displaying a list of all the current active media sessions.

## Performing a forced log-out

### To disconnect an active media session:

1. Click the *Units* tab. The Units - All window will open.
2. Click *Active Sessions* in the side navigation bar. The Active Media Sessions window will open. A list is displayed of all the current active media sessions.
3. Click to select the checkbox to the left of the sessions. To disconnect all sessions, click the checkbox to the left of the Start Time field at the top of the list.

---

**NOTE:** If you do not have permission to disconnect an active session, you will not be able to select its checkbox or the checkbox at the top of the list.

---

4. Click *Disconnect*.

## 6. Unit Sessions and Connections

This chapter describes how to view and manage unit sessions and connections in the DTX Control software.

### 6.1 Active Sessions

There are two types of active session displays: all active sessions in your system and active session information for each target device.

#### All active sessions

##### To display information about all active sessions:

1. Click the *Units* tab.
2. Click *Active Sessions* in the side navigation bar. The Active Sessions window will open.
3. To display information about a session, click on the name in the Start-Date-Time column. The Active Session Information window will open.
4. Click *Close* to close the window and return to the Active Sessions window.

#### Viewing Active Sessions

The Start-Date-Time field, which indicates when the target device session was started, is always displayed in the Active Sessions window:

The following fields are displayed in the Active Sessions window. Use the *Customize* link to add or remove fields in the display.

- Duration - Length of the DTX Control system session.
- User Name - User who initiated the session, which may be a user, a local port user or a user with a local user account.
- Receiver - User station.
- Connected Target Computer - Name of the target device being used for the session.
- Transmitter - Device connected to the user station.
- Status - Current state of the connection.

##### To disconnect an active session from an appliance window:

You must have the Reboot Appliance and Disconnect Sessions unit access right.

1. In a Units View window containing appliances, click on the appliance name.

2. Click *Appliance Settings* in the side navigation bar. Then click *Sessions* in the side navigation bar, then *Active*. The Appliance Sessions window will open.
3. To disconnect one or more sessions, click the checkbox to the left of the sessions. To disconnect all sessions on the page, click the checkbox to the left of Start-Date-Time at the top of the list.
4. Click *Disconnect*. A confirmation dialog box will appear.
5. Confirm or cancel the disconnect.

## Active sessions on a target device

### To display information about active sessions on a target device:

In a Units View window containing target devices, click on a target device Status field. The Active Sessions window for that target device will open.

You may also display active session information for a target device by clicking on a target device name in a Units View window, which will open the Unit Overview window. Then, click *Active Sessions* in the side navigation bar, and the Active Sessions window for that target device will open. The first method above saves a step.

### Customizing a target device Active Sessions window

The following fields are always displayed in the Active Sessions window.

- Duration - Elapsed time since the session started, in hours:minutes:seconds.
- User - Name of current user.

### To disconnect one or more target device active sessions:

1. In a Units View window containing target devices, click on a target device Status field. The Active Sessions window for that target device will open.
2. Click the checkbox to the left of the sessions. To disconnect all sessions, click the checkbox to the left of Duration at the top of the list. (If you do not have permission to disconnect an active session, you will not be able to select its checkbox or the checkbox at the top of the list.)
3. Click *Disconnect*. A confirmation dialog box will appear.
4. Confirm or cancel the disconnect.

## 7. Grouping Units

The DTX Control Explorer automatically groups managed appliances by the type of appliance. Target devices are automatically grouped based on the type to which they are assigned.

You may also add and change the following types of groups:

- Sites
- Departments
- Locations
- Custom fields - Custom fields allow a user to create groupings of units which are accessed by all DTX Control users
- Personal and global unit groups - Global unit groups may be seen by all users; personal unit groups are visible only to the user who created the group

### 7.1 Site, Department and Location Groups

You may create one or more site, department and location names and then associate units with them. For example, you could create sites names such as Austin and Sunrise, department names such as Software Development and Human Resources or location names such as Lab Room 101 and System Administrator's Office.

Site, Department and/or Location columns may be included in a Units View window display, using the Customize link.

To group units by site, department or location, you first create a site/department/location, then associate units with it. Sites/departments/locations that contain units to which a user does not have access rights will not appear in the side navigation bar. The site/department/location must also have at least one unit associated with it to be displayed in the side navigation bar.

#### To add a site, department or location:

1. Click the *Units* tab.
2. To add a site, click *Sites* in the top navigation bar. The Sites window will open.  
To add a department, click *Departments* in the top navigation bar. The Departments window will open.  
To add a location, click *Locations* in the top navigation bar. The Locations window will open.
3. Click *Add*. The Add Site, Add Department or Add Location window will open.

4. Type a name, then click *Add*. The Sites, Departments or Locations window will open.

A site, department or location will not be listed in the side navigation bar until a unit has been associated with it.

#### **To delete a site, department or location:**

1. Click the *Units* tab.
2. To delete a site click *Sites* in the top navigation bar. The Sites window will open.  
To delete a department, click *Departments* in the top navigation bar. The Departments window will open.  
To delete a location, click *Locations* in the top navigation bar. The Locations window will open.
3. Click the checkbox to the left of one or more sites/departments/locations. To delete all sites/departments/locations in the page, click the checkbox to the left of Name at the top of the list.
4. Click *Delete*. A confirmation dialog box will appear.
5. Confirm or cancel the deletion.

#### **To change the name of a site, department or location:**

1. Click the *Units* tab.
2. To change the name of a site, click *Sites* in the top navigation bar. The Sites window will open.  
To change the name of a department, click *Departments* in the top navigation bar. The Departments window will open.  
To change the name of a location, click *Locations* in the top navigation bar. The Locations window will open.
3. Click on the name of a site/department/location. The Site/Department/Location Name window will open.
4. Type a new 1-64 character name.
5. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The Sites, Departments or Locations window will open.

#### **To associate or change the association of an existing unit to a site, department or location:**

1. Click the *Units* tab.

- Click one of the links listed in Table 7-1 in the side navigation bar to display the corresponding window for the units you wish to associate, change or remove the association.

**Table 7-1. Links for Managing Sites, Departments or Location Associations**

Link	Window	Changes Site Associations For
A link under Target Devices	Target Devices	Target devices only
A link under Appliances	Appliances	Managed appliances only
Sites	Units in Site	Units
Groups	Units in Group	Units
A link under Custom Field	Units in Custom Fields	Units
Recently Accessed	Recently Accessed Units	Units

- Click on the name of a unit. The Unit Overview window will open.
- Click *Properties* in the side navigation bar, then click *Location*.
- From the menus, select the site, department and/or location to associate with the unit. If you do not wish to associate the unit with any site, department or location choose the top (empty) item from the menu.
- Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

**To display the units associated with a site, department or location:**

- Click the *Units* tab.
- To display units associated with a site, click *Sites* in the side navigation bar. The Units in Site window will open, with a list of units associated with the first alphabetically-listed site.

To display units associated with a department, click *Departments* in the side navigation bar. The Units in Departments window will open, with a list of units associated with the first alphabetically-listed department.

To display units associated with a location, click *Locations* in the side navigation bar. The Units in Location window will open, with a list of units associated with the first alphabetically-listed location.

3. Click on a site, department, location link in the side navigation bar to display another entry in the unit list.

## 7.2 Custom Fields

Ten custom fields are available. To use the custom fields, first change the default labels on the fields (Custom Field 1, Custom Field 2 and Custom Field 3) and then associate a custom label with a unit. The custom fields may be displayed in Units View windows using the Customize link.

### To define custom fields:

---

**NOTE:** You must have Software Administrator or Appliance Administrator access to define custom fields.

---

1. Click the *Units* tab.
2. Click *Custom Field Labels* in the side navigation bar. The Unit Custom Field Labels window will open.
3. For each custom field, type the 1-64 character name for the first custom field label. The first and second level custom fields for units will appear under this heading in the side navigation bar; all other custom fields will not appear in the side navigation bar but may be displayed in the content area by clicking *Customize* and adding the field.
4. Click *Save*.

The Custom Field Labels name will continue to appear in the side navigation bar until you associate the custom label with a unit.

### To associate a custom label with a unit:

1. In a Units View window click on a unit. The Unit Overview window will open.
2. Click *Properties* in the side navigation bar and then click *Custom Fields*. The Unit Custom Fields window will open.
3. In the each field, type the 1-64 character name to associate with the corresponding label. You may also leave the field blank.
4. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The Appliance - All window will open. The side navigation bar will include the names of the defined and associated custom fields.

## 7.3 Unit Groups

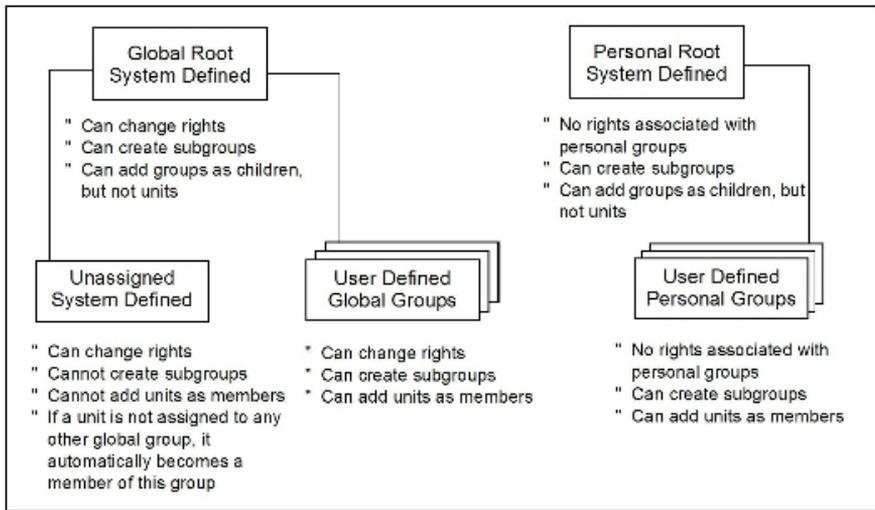
Unit groups may be used to organize units. You may create nested unit groups (unit groups within unit groups) to organize units hierarchically. Units may belong to multiple groups. For example, you may have a switch that belongs to two global groups and three personal groups.

There are two types of unit groups: global and personal. A global unit group can be viewed by any user logged into the DTX Control software. A personal unit group may only be viewed by the person who created it. Up to 32 personal unit groups may be created by a user.

There are two top-level system-defined unit group containers: global root and personal root. These group containers cannot be deleted. They can contain other unit groups, but not individual units. All global unit groups are descendants of global root. All personal unit groups are descendants of personal root.

There is also a system-defined unit group named Unassigned, which is a descendent of the global root. This unit group automatically contains all units that are not assigned to any other global unit groups. This group cannot be deleted, and you cannot add subgroups (children) to the Unassigned unit group.

Global unit groups may only be created, modified or deleted by users with DTX Control administrator, user administrator or appliance administrator privileges. The global root, personal root and unassigned unit groups cannot be deleted.



**Figure 7-1. Unit Groups Structure**

Table 7-2. Unit Groups Features

Group Type	Can change rights?	Can have subgroups?	Can add units as members?
<b>System Defined</b>			
Global Root	Yes	Yes	No, can only add groups
Unassigned	Yes	No	No
Personal Root	No	Yes	No, can only add groups
<b>User Defined</b>			
Global Groups	Yes	Yes	Yes
Personal Groups	No	Yes	Yes

## Unit group hierarchy

There are two primary ways to view unit groups:

- Unit Groups window - clicking the *Units* tab and then *Groups* in the top navigation bar
- Units View Groups window - clicking the *Units* tab and then *Groups* in the side navigation bar

Global groups that contain units the user cannot access will not be displayed, unless there are descendent groups containing units the user is allowed to access.

All personal unit groups are displayed in the Unit Groups window, even if they do not contain any units. In Units View Groups windows, groups will not be listed unless they have assigned units.

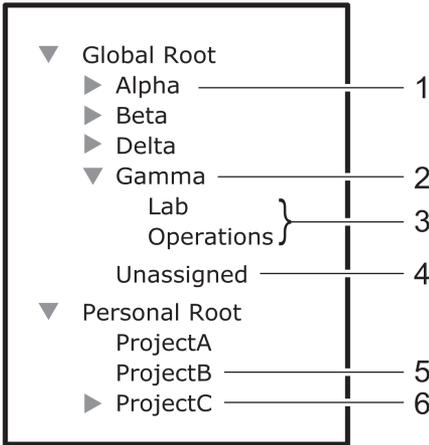


Figure 7-2. Unit Group Hierarchy Example

Table 7-3. Unit Group Hierarchy Example Descriptions

Number	Description	Number	Description
1	Global unit group Alpha has one or more subgroups	4	Global unit group Unassigned has all units that are not assigned to a group; it cannot have subgroups
2	Global Unit group Gamma has two subgroups	5	Personal unit group ProjectB has no subgroups
3	These unit groups do not have subgroups (in a Units view Group window, a document icon will appear to the left)	6	Personal unit group ProjectC has one or more subgroups

In the example, four unit groups have been created in the global root group, and each of those four unit groups contain groups. The unit group Gamma has been selected, and indicates it has two subgroups, Lab and Operations. The Unassigned global group will contain any units that are not assigned to another global unit group.

Three personal unit groups have been created. The ProjectA and ProjectB unit groups do not have subgroups. The ProjectC unit group has one or more subgroups.

#### To display a list of unit groups in the Unit Groups window:

1. Click the *Units* tab.

2. Click *Groups* in the top navigation bar. The Unit Groups window will open. If a unit group has subgroups (children), an arrow will be displayed next to its name.
  - To display a list of groups in the global root group, click *Global Root*. The first global unit group listed will automatically be selected. Click on the arrow next to a group to expand it and display subgroup names.
  - To display a list of groups in the personal root group, click *Personal Root*. The first personal unit group listed will automatically be selected. Click on the arrow next to a group to expand it and display subgroup names.

You may customize the number of items per page that appear in this window.

### To display a list of unit groups in a Units View window:

---

**NOTE:** When you create a unit group, you may indicate whether it (and any of its child unit groups) will be displayed in the side navigation bar.

---

1. Click the *Units* tab.
2. Click *Groups* in the side navigation bar. The Groups - Global Root window will open.
  - If a unit group has subgroups (children), an arrow will be displayed next to its name.
 

When a selected group has subgroups, the window will display either the immediate children of the unit group or all descendants of the unit group, depending on the Show group descendants setting.
  - If a unit group does not have subgroups, a document icon will be displayed next to its name in the side navigation bar.

When you click on a unit group in the side navigation bar that has a document icon (that is, it has no subgroups), a window will open, listing the units in the group. This window can include the same fields as other Units View windows. See "Units View Windows Fields" on page 29.

When you customize this window, you may also enable/disable the display of descendants. When enabled and a unit group is selected in a side navigation bar, the window will display all descendants of the group. When disabled, only the immediate children of the selected group will be displayed.

### To display information about a unit group:

1. Click the *Units* tab.
2. Click *Groups* in the top navigation bar.

3. Click the group container or the parent group of the unit group you want to display information about.
4. Click on the unit group name.
5. The side navigation bar will contain information links about the selected unit group.
  - Click *Name* in the side navigation bar to display the unit group name.
  - Click *Members* in the side navigation bar to display the unit group members.
  - Click *Groups* to display a list of groups that are members of the unit group.
  - Click *Units* to display a list of units that are members of the unit group.
  - Click *Access Rights* in the side navigation bar to display the unit group access rights.
6. Click *Close*.

## Adding or deleting a unit group

### To add a unit group:

1. Click the *Units* tab.
2. Click *Groups* in the top navigation bar. The Unit Groups window will open.
3. Click the checkbox next to the group container (Global Root or Personal Root) or the group name that you want to be the parent of the new unit group.
4. Click *Add*. The Add Unit Group window will open.
5. Type a 1-64 character name for the unit group. The name must be unique within the parent group. For example, two groups can be named “development” but they cannot both be members of the unit group “Huntsville.” (This unique name restriction does not apply to personal unit groups that are owned by different users.)
6. If you do not want the unit group (or any of its child unit groups) to appear in the side navigation bar, enable the *Do not display this unit group nor any child unit groups as unit views* checkbox.
7. If you do not want the units in the unit group to belong to any other unit group, select *Exclusive*.
8. If you want to add another unit group in the same hierarchy, click *Add/New*. The Add Unit Group window opens.

-or-

If you do not want to add another group, click *Add/Close*. The Unit Groups window opens.

## To delete a unit group:

---

**NOTE:** Deleting a unit group deletes the group only; the units still exist in the DTX Control system. You cannot delete any system-defined unit groups (global root, personal root and unassigned.)

---

1. Click the *Units* tab.
2. Click *Groups* in the top navigation bar. The Unit Groups window will open.
3. Click the checkbox next to the unit group to be deleted.
4. Click *Delete*. A confirmation dialog box will appear.
5. Confirm or cancel the deletion.

## Changing the unit group properties

Access rights indicate which users and user groups may access units in the DTX Control system. Access rights also indicate which actions are allowed. You can assign access rights from a unit group perspective, as described in this section. Using this method, selected users and members of selected user groups are allowed or prohibited from initiating certain actions on all units in the unit group.

Access rights for a unit group default to inherit if they are not explicitly granted to a user or user group. For example, if you create unit group A and subgroup B, by default any access rights you assign to group A will be propagated to group B.

## To change unit group properties:

1. Click the *Units* tab.
2. Click *Groups* in the top navigation bar. The Unit Groups window will open.
3. Click on the name of a unit group. The Unit Group Name window will open.
4. Type a new 1-64 character name in the Group field. The name must be unique within the parent group. For example, two groups can be named “development” but they cannot both be members of the unit group “Huntsville.” (This unique name restriction does not apply to personal unit groups that are owned by different users.)
5. If you do not want the unit group (or any of its child unit groups) to appear in the side navigation bar, enable the *Do not display this unit group nor any child unit groups as unit views* checkbox.
6. If you do not want the units in the unit group to belong to any other unit group, select *Exclusive*.
7. Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

**To add or remove members in a unit group:**


---

**NOTE:** Removing a unit group or unit member from a unit group does not delete the group/unit from the DTX Control system or any other group to which it belongs.

---

1. Click the *Units* tab.
2. Click *Groups* in the top navigation bar. The Unit Groups window will open.
3. To add or remove a group member of the unit group, click *Members* in the side navigation bar and then click *Groups*.

To add or remove a unit member of the unit group, click *Members* in the side navigation bar, and then click *Units*.

---

**NOTE:** If you select a group container (Global Root or Personal Root), you can only add unit groups as members - you cannot add units; therefore, when you click *Members* in the side navigation bar, *Groups* is the only choice. You cannot add units or groups to the global unassigned unit group.

---

4. The Unit Group Members (Units) or Unit Group Members (Groups) window will open. Click *Assign*.
  5. The Assign Units to Unit Group window will open.
- 

**NOTE:** Once a unit is added to an exclusive unit group, it cannot be added to any other groups. If a unit is already a member of a non-exclusive group and is then added to an exclusive group, the unit is automatically removed from the non-exclusive group.

---

- To add one or more units to the unit group, select the unit(s) from the Available Units list, then click *Add*. The units will be moved to the Units to Assign list.
  - To remove one or more units already assigned to the unit group, select the unit(s) from the Units to Assign list, then click *Remove*. The units will be moved to the Available Units list.
6. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The Unit Group Members window will open.
  7. Click *Close*. The Unit Groups window will open.

**To add or remove access rights for one or more unit groups:**

1. Click the *Units* tab.
2. Click *Groups* in the top navigation bar. The Unit Groups window will open.
3. Click the checkbox to the left of one or more unit groups, then click *Rights*. The Unit Group Access Rights window will open.

If you are setting access rights for one unit group, you may click on the unit group name, then click *Access Rights* in the side navigation bar to access the Unit Group Access Rights window.

---

4. To add or remove a user or user group from the User and User Groups list:
  - a. Click *Edit List*. The Unit Access Rights User Selection window will open.
    - To add one or more users or user groups, select the user(s) or user group(s) from the Available list, then click *Add*. The users and/or user groups will be moved to the List to Update list.
    - To remove one or more users or user groups, select the user(s) or user group(s) from the List to Update list, then click *Remove*. The users and user groups will be moved to the Available list. (Inherited users and user groups can only be removed from the first unit group that specified any access rights other than inherit.)
  - b. Click *OK*. The Unit Access Rights window will display the current list of users and/or user groups. When a user or user group is added to the list, the default access rights will be displayed.
5. To set access rights, select a user or user group from the User and User Groups list, then enable or disable a checkbox in the Access Rights table for each access right.
  - Allow - the access right is allowed for the user/user group.
  - Deny - the access right is denied for the user/user group.
  - Inherit - the access right is inherited from the unit group(s) to which the selected user/user group belongs. When Inherit is selected, the Allow and Deny checkboxes will become gray and unchangeable, and indicate the inherited value. If the inherited settings indicated both Allow and Deny, the inherited value is Deny, which takes precedence.

To disable the inherit functionality, uncheck the Inherit checkbox.

If none of the checkboxes are checked, the access right is neither allowed nor denied.

If the unit group contains both appliances and target devices, all rights will be displayed and may be enabled, even though they may not necessarily be valid for the unit.
6. Repeat the preceding steps to change access rights for other users or user groups.
7. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. If a connection or power control action is enabled, the appropriate link will appear in the Action column of Units Views windows containing that group or units in that group.

## 8. Authentication Services

Users must be authenticated before they may access or perform any tasks in the DTX Control system.

When users log in, they will be prompted for a username and password. The DTX Control system will look up the login, determine the authentication service to use and forward the login credentials to the appropriate authentication service for verification. All authentication is performed over an HTTPS (SSL) encrypted link.

Some web browsers may store password information; see your web browser documentation.

### 8.1 Supported Authentication Services

The DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance is delivered with the an internal authentication service, which verifies a log in and password against user account information stored in the database on the DTX Control server.

The DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance also supports the following external authentication services:

- Microsoft Active Directory® \*
- IBM® SecureWay® Directory Server \*
- Novell®LDAP Services \*
- Sun Solaris R9 LDAP Directory Server \*
- Sun ONE™ LDAP Directory Server \*
- Microsoft Windows NT domain
- Cisco® Secure ACS 3.3 for Windows 2000/2003 server
- Microsoft IAS for Windows 2000/2003 server
- FreeRADIUS for Red Hat RHL3
- Cisco Secure ACS 3.3 for Windows 2000/2003 server
- RSA SecurID®

\* Uses LDAP V3

If the DTX Control server is configured for external authentication, login requests are re-directed to the configured external authentication server.

The DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance obtains external group membership and external user information when a user logs in. If a user's group membership changes or the user is deleted externally, the DTX Control appliance will not see these changes until the next time the user logs in.

Authentication services may be managed only by DTX Control administrators and user administrators.

### **To display configured authentication services:**

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.

The User Authentication Services window may be customized by using the *Customize* link.

### **To remove authentication services:**

---

**NOTE:** The internal authentication service cannot be removed.

---

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
3. Check the checkbox to the left of the authentication service(s) to delete. To delete all external authentication services on the page, check the checkbox to the left of *Name* at the top of the list.
4. Click *Delete*. A confirmation dialog box will appear.
5. Confirm or cancel the deletion.

### **DTX Control internal authentication service**

#### **To change the DTX Control internal authentication service account policies:**

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
3. Click *Internal*. The side navigation bar will change to include *Internal* at the top and, below the name, the information you may define.
4. Click *Account Policies*. The Authentication Service User Account Policies - *Internal* window will open.
5. Specify the password policies for the authentication service:

- a. Type a number (from 1-64) in the Minimum Password Length field, or click the arrows to select a number.
  - b. Check the *Passwords Expire* checkbox to require a user to change the password after a certain number of days. Specify a number (from 1-365) in the Maximum Expiration (days) field, or select a number.
  - c. Select *Passwords must contain both alpha and numeric characters* if new passwords must contain at least one letter and one number.
  - d. Select *Passwords must contain both lower and upper case characters* if new passwords must contain at least one uppercase and one lowercase letter.
6. Specify the lockout policy for the authentication service:

To assign a specific number of user login attempts, check the *Lockout users after invalid login attempts* checkbox, then continue with step a.

If you leave this checkbox unchecked, unlimited user login attempts will be allowed. Skip to the last step.

- a. Type the number of allowable user login failures (from 1-25) in the Maximum Login Failures field, or select it from the menu.
- b. To permit user logins after a certain period of time, check the *Automatically unlock users after the lockout period* checkbox. Specify the lockout period (in minutes) by typing a number from 1-1,440 in the Maximum Lockout Period (minutes) field, or choose a value from the menu (1,440 minutes is equivalent to 24 hours).

If you leave this checkbox unchecked, locked user accounts must be manually unlocked by a DTX Control administrator or user administrator.

See "Unlocking User Accounts" on page 96.

7. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The User Authentication Services window will open.

**To change custom field labels for user accounts that use internal authentication:**

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
3. Click *Internal*. The side navigation bar will change to include Internal at the top and, below the name, information you may define.
4. Click *Custom Field Labels* in the side navigation bar. The Authentication Service User Account Custom Field Labels - Internal window will open.

5. Type the text that you wish to appear in each of the six custom field labels.
6. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The User Authentication Services window will open.

By default, the custom field labels do not display in the User Accounts - All window, but they may be added to the display (or added to the default display by an administrator), using the Customize link.

## Active Directory external authentication service

---

**NOTE:** When adding an Active Directory external authentication service, you can allow trusted forests to be discovered. A forest is a group of domains, and a forest may have a trusted relationship with other forests. In some configurations, a user may belong to one forest but be assigned to groups in another forest. The DTX Control server needs access to both forests to authenticate and authorize this user.

---

### To add an Active Directory external authentication service:

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
3. Click *Add*. The Add Authentication Service Wizard will appear.
4. The Provide Authentication Service Name and Type window will open.
  - a. Type a name for the external authentication service.
  - b. Select *Active Directory* from the menu.
  - c. Click *Next*.
5. The Specify Active Directory Connection Settings window will open.
  - a. Type the Active Directory domain name for the domain you wish to add in the AD Domain Name field.
  - b. In the User Container field, specify the name of the container to search for user accounts. This will limit the search scope to that container. The name may be entered in several forms, optionally including a sub-domain. Valid forms are explained below by example.

Assume an Active Directory domain name of “sunrise.mycompany.com” with users in subfolder “sun/myusers.” The User Container field may be entered as:

Example 1 (no sub-domain): “sun.myusers”

Example 2 (no sub-domain): “ou=myusers,ou=sun”

If users are contained in a sub-domain such as “mktg.sunrise.mycompany.com”, valid forms are:

Example 1 (with sub-domain): “mktg.sunrise.mycompany.com/sun/myusers”

Example 2 (with sub-domain and no container specified):

“mktg.sunrise.mycompany.com”

Example 3 (with sub-domain):

“ou=myusers,ou=sun,dc=mktg,dc=sunrise,dc=mycompany,dc=com”

- c. In the Group Container field, specify the name of the container to search for user groups. This will limit the search scope to that container. The name may be entered in several forms, optionally including a sub-domain. Valid forms are explained in step 5b above.

- d. In the Username Type menu, select the type of username. Each choice in the menu contains an example.

A Full Windows 2000 username is specified as `username@domain`.

A Partial Windows 2000 username is specified as `username`.

A Full Pre-Windows 2000 username is specified as `domain\username`.

A Partial Pre-Windows 2000 username is specified as `username`.

This option may only be configured for new authentication servers; it cannot be modified. Existing authentication servers are set to the Partial Windows 2000 Username type for compatibility.

- e. Specify a Secure Socket Layer (SSL) encryption mode:

- Click *Do Not Use SSL* to have authentication performed using unencrypted clear text instead of SSL encryption. This method is the least secure.
- Click *Use SSL in Trust All Mode* to use SSL encryption for data transmission. All server certificates will be trusted and automatically accepted by the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance for transmitting data. This SSL method provides medium security.

This encryption mode is not recommended for wide area networks (WANs).

- Click *Use SSL in Certificate-based Trust Mode* to use SSL encryption for data transmission. The DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance will approve the server and then the certificate before transmitting data. This SSL method provides maximum security.
- f. Click *Use Kerberos for User Authentication* to use the Kerberos protocol for authentication requests, including the browsing. If enabled, you must use DES encryption types for this account. If an account was created prior to Active Directory, the user’s password must be changed after this setting is changed. In

addition, the Active Directory server addresses must be resolvable to their host names via DNS.

When this is not checked, the LDAP protocol will be used.

- g. Click *Enable Chasing of Referrals* to allow the Active Directory server to refer DTX Control clients to additional directory servers.
- h. Specify the search mode:

Enable *Use Recursion to search groups* if you wish to have the AD service access the domain controller for the specified domain name. This search includes the "Member" attribute of ObjectClass=group. This search is recursive and finds nested groups. This search may be slow, depending on the number of groups and levels of nesting.

-or-

Enable *Use an Active Directory Global Catalog* to have the AD service access the global catalog for the specified domain name. The search includes the "TokenGroups" attribute of the ObjectClass=user. This search is faster but only retrieves the nested groups SIDs; subsequent calls must be made to find the group name and specific SIDs.

-or-

Enable *Use Windows 2003 Universal Group Caching* if you wish to have the AD service access the domain controller for the specified domain name. The search includes the "TokenGroups" attribute of the ObjectClass=user. This search is faster but only retrieves the nested groups SIDs; subsequent calls must be made to find the group name and specific SIDs. The Windows 2003 Universal Group Caching feature must be enabled in the Windows 2003 AD server.

- i. Click *Allow users and groups from newly discovered trusted forests* to allow logins by users that belong to the authentication service forest or its discovered trusted forests. If enabled, the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance will discover all trusted forests in the Active Directory service.
- j. Click *Next*.

If you selected *Use SSL in Certificate-based Trust Mode*, go to step 6.

If you selected *Do Not Use SSL* or *Use SSL in Trust All Mode*, go to step 8.

- 6. The DTX Control server will try to find a server that has a trusted certificate chain. If no trusted certificate chain is found, then the Accept Certificate window will open and list all servers that belong to the domain. It will also list the reasons for rejection of the certificate chain.

7. Click *Next* to accept the certificate.
8. The Select Browsing Method window will open.

Click *Browse Anonymously* to browse users on the external Active Directory authentication server.

-or-

Click *Browse with user credentials* to browse users on the external Active Directory authentication based on credentials configured on the server. If this option is selected, do the following:

- a. Type the username for an Active Directory account that has browse rights in the User Name field. The login ID must be entered in case sensitive text if the Active Directory server is set up to use Kerberos. When using Kerberos, the browse account cannot be specified in the Full Pre-Windows 2000 Username form (domain\username). If the username is in a sub-domain of the Active Directory domain (specified in step 3a), then the username should be specified as <username>@<subdomain>.
  - b. Type the password for an Active Directory account that has browse rights in the Password field.
  - c. Click *Next*.
9. The Establish Connection with Authentication Service window will open briefly. If the external authentication service is added successfully, the Completed Successful window will open.
  10. Click *Finish*. The User Authentication Services window will open with the new service listed.

---

**NOTE:** If the authentication service has trusted forests, the settings configured for the authentication service in the Add Authentication Service Wizard will be applied to the discovered trusted forests. However, the settings for each trusted forest can later be changed in the Authentication Service Connection Settings window.

---

See "User Authentication Services Window" on page 89 for more information about trusted forests.

### **To change settings for the Active Directory external authentication service:**

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.

3. Click the name of the Active Directory (AD) service. The side navigation bar will change to include the name of the AD service at the top and, below the name, the information you may define.
4. Click *Connection* in the side navigation bar. The Authentication Service Connection Settings - AD window will open.
5. Type a name in the Service Name field to change the name of the service that appears in the Name column of the User Authentication Services window.
6. Type the domain name of the Active Directory service in the AD Domain Name field.
7. In the User Container field, specify the name of the container to search for user accounts. This will limit the search scope to that container. The name may be entered in several forms, optionally including a sub-domain. See "To add an Active Directory external authentication service:" on page 66 for an explanation of the valid forms.
8. In the Group Container field, specify the name of the container to search for user groups. This will limit the search scope to that container. The name may be entered in several forms, optionally including a sub-domain. See "To add an Active Directory external authentication service:" on page 66 for an explanation of the valid forms.
9. Specify a Secure Socket Layer (SSL) Encryption mode:
  - Click *Do Not Use SSL* to have authentication performed using unencrypted clear text instead of SSL encryption. This method is the least secure.
  - Click *Use SSL in Trust All Mode* to use SSL encryption for data transmission. All server certificates will be trusted and automatically accepted by the DTX Control system for transmitting data. This SSL method provides medium security.

This encryption mode is not recommended for wide area networks (WANs).
  - Click *Use SSL in Certificate-based Trust Mode* to use SSL encryption for data transmission. The DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance will approve the server and then the certificate before transmitting data. This SSL method provides maximum security.
10. Click *Use Kerberos for User Authentication* to use the Kerberos protocol for authentication requests, including the browsing. If enabled, you must use DES encryption types for this account. If an account was created prior to Active Directory, the user's password must be changed after this setting is changed. In addition, the Active Directory server addresses must be resolvable to their host names via DNS.

When this is not checked, the LDAP protocol will be used.

11. Click *Enable Chasing of Referrals* to allow the Active Directory server to refer DTX Control clients to additional directory servers.

12. Specify the search mode:

Enable *Use Recursion to search groups* if you wish to have the AD service access the domain controller for the specified domain name. This search includes the "Member" attribute of ObjectClass=group. This search is recursive and finds nested groups. This search may be slow, depending on the number of groups and levels of nesting.

-or-

Enable *Use an Active Directory Global Catalog* to have the AD service access the global catalog for the specified domain name. The search includes the "TokenGroups" attribute of the ObjectClass=user. This search is faster but only retrieves the nested groups SIDs; subsequent calls must be made to find the group name and specific SIDs.

-or-

Enable *Use Windows 2003 Universal Group Caching* if you wish to have the AD service access the domain controller for the specified domain name. The search includes the "TokenGroups" attribute of the ObjectClass=user. This search is faster but only retrieves the nested groups SIDs; subsequent calls must be made to find the group name and specific SIDs. The Windows 2003 Universal Group Caching feature must be enabled in the Windows 2003 AD server.

13. Click *Allow use of Users/Groups from Trusted Forests* to allow logins by users belonging to a forest that are assigned to groups in a different forest. If enabled, the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance will query all trusted forests in the Active Directory service to find the user and user groups to which the authenticated user belongs.

If you deselect *Allow use of Users/Groups from Trusted Forests*, any previously discovered trusted forests will be hidden from the User Authentication Services window and users belonging to trusted forests will not be permitted to log in.

14. Click *Save* to save your changes.

- If you selected *Use SSL in Certificate-based Trust Mode*, the Certificates heading will appear in the side navigation bar. Go to step 13.
- If you selected *Do Not Use SSL* or *Use SSL in Trust All Mode*, go to step 16.

15. Click *Certificates*. The Authentication Service Certificate Management - AD window opens and list all servers in that domain. A status of Trusted indicates the certificate is

trusted, based on the certificate policy; Untrusted indicates the certificate cannot be trusted.

16. To register certificates:
  - a. To select one or more certificates, click the checkbox to the left of the server IP addresses. To select all certificates on the page, click the checkbox to the left of the IP Address heading.
  - b. Click *Register* above the IP Address list to register the certificates. The Accept SSL Certificate window will open.
  - c. Click *Save* to store the certificate values to the DTX Control database on the host or click *Close* if you do not wish to save the certificate values.

The Authentication Service Certificate Management window will open if only one certificate was selected. If more than one certificate was selected, each will appear in order in subsequent Accept SSL Certificate windows.

17. To unregister certificates:
  - a. To select one or more certificates, click the checkbox to the left of the server IP addresses. To unregister all certificates, click the checkbox to the left of the IP Address heading.
  - b. Click *Unregister* to unregister the certificates.
  - c. A confirmation message box will appear. Confirm or cancel the operation.
18. Click *Close*. The User Authentication Services window will open.

### **To change user browsing settings for the Active Directory external authentication service:**

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
3. Click the name of the AD service. The side navigation bar will change to include the name of the AD service at the top and, below the name, the information you may define.
4. From the side navigation bar, click *User Browsing*. The Authentication Service User Browsing - AD window will open.
5. Click *Browse Anonymously* to browse users on the external Active Directory authentication server.

-or-

Click *Browse with User Credentials* to browse users on the external Active Directory authentication based on credentials configured on the server. If this option is selected, do the following:

- a. Type the username for an Active Directory account that has browse rights in the User Name field. The log in ID must be entered in case sensitive text if the Active Directory server is set up to use Kerberos.
- b. Type the password for an Active Directory account that has browse rights in the Password field.

---

**NOTE:** The DTX Control server verifies that the new credentials are valid for the AD service. If the credentials are invalid, an error message is displayed.

---

6. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The User Authentication Services dialog box will appear.

## Windows NT external authentication service

### To add a Windows NT external authentication service:

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
3. Click *Add*. The Add Authentication Service Wizard will appear.
4. The Provide Authentication Service Name and Type window will open.
  - a. Type a name for the external authentication service.
  - b. Select *Windows NT Domain* from the menu.
  - c. Click *Next*.
5. The Specify Windows NT Connection Settings window will open. Type the Windows NT domain name you wish to add in the Domain Name field, and then click *Next*.
6. The Select Browsing Method window will open.

Click *Browse Anonymously* to browse users on the external Windows NT authentication server.

-or-

Click *Browse with user credentials* to browse users on the external Windows NT authentication based on credentials configured on the server. If this option is selected, do the following:

- a. Type the username for a Windows NT account that has browse rights in the User Name field.
  - b. Type the password for a Windows NT account that has browse rights in the Password field.
  - c. Click *Next*.
7. The Establish Connection with Authentication Service window will briefly appear. If the external authentication service is added successfully, the Completed Successful window will open.
  8. Click *Finish*. The User Authentication Services window will open with the new service listed.

**To change connection settings for the Windows NT external authentication service:**

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
3. Click the name of the Windows NT service. The side navigation bar will change to include the name of the service at the top and, below the name, the information you may define.
4. Click *Connection* in the side navigation bar. The Authentication Service Connection Settings - NT window will open.
5. Type a name in the Service Name field to change the name of the service that appears in the Name column of the User Authentication Services window.
6. Type the name of the Windows NT domain in the Domain Name field.
7. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The User Authentication Services window will open.

**To change user browsing settings for Windows NT external authentication services:**

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
3. Click the name of the Windows NT service. The side navigation bar will change to include the name of the Windows NT service at the top and, below the name, the information you may define.

4. Click *User Browsing* in the side navigation bar. The Authentication Service User Browsing - NT window will open.
5. Click *Browse Anonymously* to anonymously browse users on the external Windows NT authentication server.

-or-

Click *Browse with User Credentials* to browse users on the external Windows NT authentication based on credentials configured. If this option is selected, do the following:

- a. Type the username for an NT domain account that has browse rights in the User Name field.
  - b. Type the password for an NT domain account that has browse rights in the Password field.
6. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The User Authentication Services dialog box will appear.

## **LDAP external authentication service**

### **To add an LDAP external authentication service:**

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
3. Click *Add*. The Add Authentication Service Wizard will appear.
4. The Provide Authentication Service Name and Type window will open.
  - a. Type a name for the external authentication service.
  - b. Select *LDAP* from the Type menu.
  - c. Click *Next*.
5. The Specify LDAP Connection Settings window will open.
  - a. Type the address of the LDAP host in dot notation format (xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx) or type the DNS host name in the Host Address field.
  - b. Type the number of the port for connecting to the LDAP host in the Port Number field.
  - c. Specify an SSL encryption mode:

- Click *Do Not Use SSL* to have authentication performed using unencrypted clear text instead of SSL encryption. This method is the least secure and automatically sets the Port Number field to a default port number of 389.
- Click *Use SSL in Trust All Mode* to use SSL encryption for data transmission. All server certificates will be trusted and automatically accepted by the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance for transmitting data. This SSL method provides medium security and automatically sets the Port Number field to a default port number of 636.

This encryption mode is not recommended for wide area networks (WANs).

- Click *Use SSL in Certificate-based Trust Mode* to use SSL encryption for data transmission. The DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance will approve the server and then the certificate before transmitting data. This SSL method provides maximum security and automatically sets the Port Number field to a default port number of 636.
- d. Click *Enable Chasing of Referrals* if you wish to allow the LDAP server to refer DTX Control clients to additional directory servers.
  - e. Click *Next*.

If you selected *Use SSL in Certificate-based Trust Mode*, go to step 6.

If you selected *Do Not Use SSL* or *Use SSL in Trust All Mode*, go to step 10.

6. The DTX Control server will try to find a server that has a trusted certificate chain. If no trusted certificate chain is found, then the Accept Certificate window will open and list all servers that belong to the domain. It will also list the reasons for rejection of the certificate chain.
7. Click *Next* to accept the certificate.
8. The Specify LDAP User Schema window will open.
  - a. Type the Base distinguished name (DN) from which to begin searches. This is a required field unless the Directory Service has been configured to allow anonymous search. Each Search DN value must be separated by a comma.
  - b. Type the key attribute. The default value is common name (cn).
  - c. Type the object class. The default value is person.
  - d. Type the full name attribute. The default value is surname (sn).
  - e. Click *Next*.
9. The Specify LDAP Group Schema window will open.

- a. Type the Base distinguished name (DN) from which to begin searches. This is a required field unless the Directory Service has been configured to allow anonymous search. Each Search DN value must be separated by a comma.
  - b. Type the object class. The default value is group.
  - c. Type the member attribute. The default value is member.
  - d. Type the username member attribute (only the username, not the full LDAP object DN). The user's group membership will be located using this attribute in addition to the member attribute. This attribute is primarily used with NIS-like schemas.
  - e. Click *Next*.
10. The Select Browsing Method window will open.
- Click *Browse Anonymously* to browse users on the external LDAP authentication server.
- or-
- Click *Browse with user credentials* to browse users on the external LDAP authentication based on credentials configured on the server. If this option is selected, do the following:
- a. Type a log in ID in the User Name field, in one of two forms: a fully qualified distinguished name or the username of an account in the base user DN.
  - b. Type the password for the LDAP user account in the Password field.
  - c. Click *Next*.
11. The Establish Connection with Authentication Service window will open briefly. If the external authentication service is added successfully, the Completed Successful window will open.
12. Click *Finish*. The User Authentication Services window will open with the new service listed.

**To change connection settings for the LDAP external authentication service:**

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
3. Click the name of the LDAP service. The side navigation bar will change to include the name of the LDAP service at the top and, below the name, the information you may define.

4. Click *Connection* in the side navigation bar. The Authentication Service Connection Settings - LDAP window will open.
5. Type a name in the Service Name field to change the name of the service that appears in the Name column of the User Authentication Services window.
6. Type the address of the LDAP host, in dot notation format (xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx) in the Host Address field.
7. Type the number of the port you wish to use for connecting to the LDAP host in the Port Number field.
8. Specify a Secure Socket Layer (SSL) Encryption mode:
  - Click *Do Not Use SSL* to have authentication performed using unencrypted clear text instead of SSL encryption. This method is the least secure and automatically sets the Port Number field to a default port number of 389.
  - Click *Use SSL in Trust All Mode* to use SSL encryption for data transmission. All server certificates will be trusted and automatically accepted by the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance for transmitting data. This SSL method provides medium security and automatically sets the Port Number field to a default port number of 636.
9. Click *Save* to save your changes.

This encryption mode is not recommended for wide area networks (WANs).

- Click *Use SSL in Certificate-based Trust Mode* to use SSL encryption for data transmission. The DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance will approve the server and then the certificate before transmitting data. This SSL method provides maximum security and automatically sets the Port Number field to a default port number of 636.

- If you selected *Use SSL in Certificate-based Trust Mode*, the Certificates heading will appear in the side navigation bar. Go to step 8.
- If you selected *Do Not Use SSL* or *Use SSL in Trust All Mode*, go to step 15.
10. Click *Certificates*. The Authentication Service Certificate Management - LDAP window will open and list all servers that belong to the domain. A status of Trusted indicates the certificate is trusted, based on the certificate policy; Untrusted indicates the certificate cannot be trusted.
  11. To register certificates, click the checkbox to the left of the server IP address(es). To select all server IP addresses on the page, click the checkbox to the left of the IP Address heading.

12. Click *Register* to register the certificates. The Accept SSL Certificate window will appear.
13. Click *Save* to store the certificate values to the DTX Control database on the host.  
The Certificate Management window will open if only one certificate was selected. If more than one certificate was selected, each will appear in order in subsequent Accept SSL Certificate windows.
14. To unregister one or more certificates, check the checkbox to the left of the server IP address(es). To select all server IP addresses on the page, click the checkbox to the left of the IP Address heading.
15. Click *Unregister* to unregister the certificates.
16. A confirmation message box will appear. Confirm or cancel the operation.
17. Click *Close*. The User Authentication Services window will open.

**To change user schema settings for the LDAP external authentication service:**

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
3. Click the name of the LDAP service. The side navigation bar will change to include the name of the LDAP service at the top and, below the name, the information you may define.
4. Click *Schema* in the side navigation bar. *Users* will automatically be selected and the Authentication Service User Schema - LDAP window will open.
5. Type the Base distinguished name (DN) from which to begin searches. This is a required field unless the Directory Service has been configured to allow anonymous search. Each Search DN value must be separated by a comma.
6. Type the key attribute. The default value is common name (cn).
7. Type the object class. The default value is person.
8. Type the full name attribute for the user. The default value is surname (sn).
9. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The User Authentication Services dialog box will appear.

**To change group schema settings for the LDAP external authentication service:**

1. Click the *Users* tab.

2. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
3. Click the name of the LDAP service. The side navigation bar will change to include the name of the LDAP service at the top and, below the name, the information you may define.
4. Click *Schema* in the side navigation bar, and then click *Groups*. The Authentication Service Group Schema - LDAP window will open.
5. Type the Base distinguished name (DN) from which to begin searches. This is a required field unless the Directory Service has been configured to allow anonymous search.
6. Type the object class. The default value is groupOfNames.
7. Type the members attribute. The default value is member.
8. Type the username member attribute (only the username, not the full LDAP object DN). The user's group membership will be located using this attribute in addition to the member attribute. This attribute is primarily used with NIS-like schemas.
9. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The User Authentication Services dialog box will appear.

### **To change user browsing settings for the LDAP external authentication service:**

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
3. Click the name of the LDAP service. The side navigation bar will change to include the name of the LDAP service at the top and, below the name, the information you may define.
4. Click *User Browsing* in the side navigation bar. The Authentication Service User Browsing - LDAP window will open.
5. Click *Browse Anonymously* to browse users on the external LDAP authentication server.

-or-

Click *Browse with User Credentials* to browse users on the external LDAP authentication based on credentials configured on the server. If this option is selected, do the following:

- a. Type a log in ID in the User Name field, in one of two forms: a fully qualified distinguished name or the username of an account in the base user DN.
  - b. Type the password for the LDAP user account in the *Password* field.
6. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The User Authentication Services dialog box will appear.

## RADIUS external authentication service

### To add a RADIUS external authentication service:

1. On the RADIUS server that will be used as an external authentication service, add the DTX Control server as a RADIUS client. Make a note of the configured shared secret and the available authentication type(s) on the RADIUS server.
2. From the DTX Control Explorer, Click the *Users* tab.
3. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
4. Click *Add*. The Add Authentication Service Wizard will appear.
5. The Provide Authentication Service Name and Type window will open.
  - a. Type a 1-64 character name for the RADIUS authentication service.
  - b. Select *RADIUS* from the Type menu.
  - c. Click *Next*.
6. The Specify RADIUS Connection Settings window will open.
  - a. Type the address of the RADIUS host in dot notation format (xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx) or type the DNS host name in the Server Address field.
  - b. Type the number of the port (from 1-65535) for connecting to the RADIUS host in the Port Number field. The default is port 1812.
  - c. Click *Next*.
7. The Establish Connection with Authentication Service window will open briefly. If the external authentication service is contacted successfully, the Specify RADIUS Authentication Settings window will open.
  - a. Select the authentication type from the Authentication Type menu. Make sure it is one of the available authentication types noted in step 1.
    - PAP - Password Authentication Protocol
    - CHAP - Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (default)
    - MS-CHAP - Microsoft Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol

MS-CHAP v2 - Microsoft Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol Version 2

- b. In the Shared Secret field, type the shared secret (that was configured on the RADIUS server in step 1), which is a password protected field. Microsoft's implementation allows up to 128 ASCII characters for the shared secret; other servers may have a different limit.
  - c. Re-enter the shared secret in the Confirm Shared Secret field.
  - d. Click *Next*.
8. If the external authentication service is added successfully, the Completed Successful window will open.
  9. Click *Finish*. The User Authentication Services window will open with the new service listed.

#### **To change settings for the RADIUS external authentication service:**

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
3. Click the name of the RADIUS service. The side navigation bar will change to include the name of the RADIUS service at the top and, below the name, the information you may define.
4. Click *Connection* in the side navigation bar. The Authentication Service Connection Settings - RADIUS window will open.
  - a. Type a 1-64 character name for the RADIUS authentication service.
  - b. Type the address of the RADIUS host in dot notation format (xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx) or type the DNS host name in the Server Address field.
  - c. Type the number of the port (from 1-65535) for connecting to the RADIUS host in the Port Number field. The default is port 1812.
  - d. Click *Save*.
5. To change the authentication type and/or shared secret, click *Settings* in the side navigation bar. The Authentication Service Authentication Settings - RADIUS window will open.
  - a. Select the authentication type from the Authentication Type menu.

PAP - Password Authentication Protocol

CHAP - Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (default)

MS-CHAP - Microsoft Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol

MS-CHAP v2 - Microsoft Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol Version 2

- b. In the Shared Secret field, type the shared secret, which is a password protected field. Microsoft's implementation allows up to 128 ASCII characters for the shared secret; other servers may have a different limit.
  - c. Re-enter the shared secret in the Confirm Shared Secret field.
  - d. Click *Save*.
6. Click *Close*. The User Authentication Services dialog box will appear.

### **TACACS+ external authentication service**

The DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance supports TACACS+ external authentication. Once the TACACS+ authentication service is added, you may map TACACS+ users to the DTX Control database by using the Add User Account wizard. The username added in the DTX Control database should match the username configured in the TACACS+ server. For more information about adding users, see "Adding User Accounts" on page 93.

You may choose to associate users with internal DTX Control groups to control group level access rights. Or, you may choose to map users to external TACACS+ groups and control group level access rights using the TACACS+ service. There are two types of external TACACS+ groups that can be used: the TACACS+ standard privilege level attribute, or a custom group name attribute. To map users to external TACACS+ groups, use the DTX Control Add User Group wizard and specify the group type. For more information, see "Adding User-defined User Groups" on page 106.

#### **To add a TACACS+ external authentication service:**

1. On the TACACS+ server that will be used as an external authentication service, add the DTX Control server as a TACACS+ client. Make a note of the configured shared secret and the available authentication type(s) on the TACACS+ server.
2. From the DTX Control Explorer, Click the *Users* tab.
3. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
4. Click *Add*. The Add Authentication Service Wizard will appear.
5. The Provide Authentication Service Name and Type window will open.
  - a. Type a 1-64 character name for the TACACS+ authentication service.
  - b. Select *TACACS+* from the Type menu.
  - c. Click *Next*.

6. The Specify TACACS+ Connection Settings window will open.
  - a. Type the address of the TACACS+ host or type the DNS host name in the Server Address field.
  - b. Type the number of the port (from 1-65535) connecting to the TACACS+ host in the Port Number field. The default port is 49.
  - c. Click *Next*.
7. The Establish Connection with Authentication Service window will open briefly. If the external authentication service is contacted successfully, the Specify TACACS+ Authentication Settings window will open.
  - a. Select the authentication type from the Authentication Type menu. Make sure it is one of the available authentication types noted in step 1.

PAP - Password Authentication Protocol

CHAP - Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (default)

MS-CHAP - Microsoft Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol
  - b. In the Shared Secret field, type the shared secret (configured on the TACACS+ server in step 1), which is a password protected field. (For the shared secret, Microsoft's implementation allows up to 128 ASCII characters and Cisco's implementation allows up to 32 ASCII characters; other servers may have a different limit.)

---

**NOTE:** If you change the authentication type, you will be required to enter the shared secret.

---

- c. Re-enter the shared secret in the Confirm Shared Secret field.
  - d. Click *Next*.
8. The Specify TACACS+ Group Authorization Method window will open.
  - a. Click the corresponding radio button to choose one of the following options to manage group authorization:
    - DTX Control internal groups: Choose this option if you plan to associate TACACS+ users with DTX Control internal user groups.
    - TACACS+ privilege level attribute: Choose this option if you plan to associate TACACS+ users with external TACACS+ groups using the privilege level attribute.
    - TACACS+ custom attribute for group names: Choose this option if you plan to associate TACACS+ users with external TACACS+ groups using the custom group names attribute.
  - b. Click *Next*.

9. If you selected DTX Control internal groups and the external authentication service was added successfully, the Completed Successful window will open.

-or-

If you selected any other option, the Specify TACACS+ Server Group Authorization Settings window will open.

- a. In the Service field, type the appropriate TACACS+ service.

If you selected the privilege level attribute method in step 8, the default value shell will appear in the field by default.

If you selected the group name custom attribute method in step 8, the default value raccess will appear in the field by default.

- b. If the TACACS+ service requires a protocol for authorization requests, type the protocol in the Protocol field.
- c. In the Attribute Name field, type the attribute name that the DTX Control server will receive after an authorization request.

If you selected the privilege level attribute method in step 8, the default value priv-lvl will appear by default.

If you selected the group name custom attribute method in step 8, the default value group\_name will appear by default.

10. Click *Next*. If the external authentication service is added successfully, the Completed Successful window will open.
11. Click *Finish*. The User Authentication Services window will open with the new service listed.

### **To change settings for the TACACS+ external authentication service:**

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
3. Click the name of the TACACS+ service. The side navigation bar will change to include the name of the TACACS+ service at the top and, below the name, the information you may define.
4. Click *Connection* in the side navigation bar. The Authentication Service Connection Settings - TACACS+ window will open.
  - a. Type a 1-64 character name for the TACACS+ authentication service.

- b. Type the address of the TACACS+ host in dot notation format (xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx) or type the DNS host name in the Server Address field.
  - c. Type the number of the port (from 1-65535) for connecting to the TACACS+ host in the Port Number field. The default is port 49.
  - d. Click *Save*.
5. To change the authentication type and/or shared secret, click *Settings* in the side navigation bar. The Authentication Service Authentication Settings - TACACS+ window will open.
- a. Select the authentication type from the Authentication Type menu.
    - PAP - Password Authentication Protocol
    - CHAP - Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (default)
    - MS-CHAP - Microsoft Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol
  - b. In the Shared Secret field, type the shared secret, which is a password protected field. (For the shared secret, Microsoft's implementation allows up to 128 ASCII characters and Cisco's implementation allows up to 32 ASCII characters; other servers may have a different limit.)

---

**NOTE:** If you change the authentication type, you will be required to enter the shared secret.

---

- c. Re-enter the shared secret in the Confirm Shared Secret field.
  - d. Click *Save*.
6. To change the group authorization settings, click *Group Authorization* in the side navigation bar.

The Method field will display the group authorization method configured when the TACACS+ authentication service was added. This field cannot be changed.

- a. In the Service field, type the appropriate TACACS+ service.
  - If TACACS+ privilege level attribute is the method, the default value is shell.
  - If TACACS+ custom attribute for group names is the method, the default value is raccess.
- b. If the TACACS+ service requires a protocol for authorization requests, type the protocol in the Protocol field.
- c. In the Attribute Name field, type the attribute name that the DTX Control server will receive after an authorization request.

If TACACS+ privilege level attribute is the method, the default value is `priv-lvl`.

If TACACS+ custom attribute for group names is the method, the default value is `group_name`.

- d. Click *Save*.
7. Click *Close*. The User Authentication Services dialog box will appear.

## 8.2 RSA SecurID external authentication service

When an RSA SecurID external authentication service is added, the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance obtains user authentication information and relays it to the RSA Authentication Manager. The RSA Authentication Manager's validation results are then relayed to the user. The DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance also supports new PIN operations, next tokencode operations, RSA Authentication Manager Replica functionality and name locking. The DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance is the agent type Net OS Agent.

For complete information about what is needed on the RSA server, see the RSA Secured Partner Solutions Directory on the RSA web site ([rsasecurity.com](http://rsasecurity.com)).

### To add an RSA SecurID external authentication service:

1. On the RSA server that will be used as an external authentication service, add the DTX Control server as an RSA Agent Host.
2. From the DTX Control Explorer, click the *Users* tab.
3. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
4. Click *Add*. The Add Authentication Service Wizard will appear.
5. The Provide Authentication Service Name and Type window will open.
  - a. In the Name field, type a 1-64 character name for the RSA authentication service.
  - b. Select *RSA SecurID* from the Type menu.
  - c. Click *Next*.
6. The Specify RSA SecurID Connection Settings window will open. Type the 1-512 character path to the `sdconf.rec` file, or browse to the file location. (This file is created by the RSA Authentication Manager, but is located on the DTX Control client machine.) Then, click *Next*.

The `sdconf.rec` file will be uploaded from the DTX Control client to the server. This file will be used as the initial RSA configuration file for all DTX Control servers.

If some DTX Control servers require a different configuration, a different `sdconf.rec` file must be configured. Additionally, some installations may require an advanced option file (`sdopts.rec`) for load balancing. You may specify these files using the procedure to change settings for the RSA SecurID external authentication service.

7. The Establish Connection with Authentication Service window will open briefly. If the external authentication service is added successfully, the Completed Successful window will open.

Click *Finish*. The User Authentication Services window will open with the new service listed.

After the service is added, one or more RSA user accounts must be added to the DTX Control software.

---

**NOTE:** The node secret file for the server will not be created until the first RSA user logs into the DTX Control software.

---

### To change settings for the RSA SecurID external authentication service:

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Authentication Services* in the top navigation bar. The User Authentication Services window will open.
3. Click on the name of the SecurID service.
4. Click *Connection* in the side navigation bar. The Authentication Service Connection Settings window will open.
5. To change the name of the service:
  - a. Type a 1-64 character name in the Service Name field.
  - b. Click *Save*.
  - c. If that is the only change you are entering, click *Close*. Otherwise, continue with the next steps.
6. To clear the RSA SecurID node secret for one or more DTX Control servers:
  - a. Click the checkbox to the left of the server name. To select all DTX Control servers on the page, click the checkbox to the left of Server at the top of the list.
  - b. Click *Clear Node Secret*. A confirmation dialog box will appear.
  - c. Confirm or cancel the operation.

7. To update the RSA configuration files used by one or more DTX Control servers to communicate with the RSA Authentication Manager software:
  - a. Click the checkbox to the left of the server name. To select all DTX Control servers on the page, click the checkbox to the left of Server at the top of the list.
  - b. Click *Update*. The Update RSA Configuration File window will open.
  - c. To change the `sdconf.rec` configuration file, enter the path in the `sdconf.rec` field or browse to the location.
  - d. To specify the advanced option `sdopts.rec` file for manual load balancing, enter the path in the `sdopts.rec` field or browse to the location.
  - e. Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

The Service may need to be restarted when the RSA configuration is updated

### 8.3 User Authentication Services Window

Once added, the authentication services are listed in the User Authentication Services window. To view the window, click the *User* tab, then click *Authentication Services*. The authentication service name, type, enabled status and host name are displayed in the list.

If *Allow users and groups from newly discovered trusted forests* is enabled for an AD service, the discovered forests are displayed as a subset of the primary authentication service in the User Authentication Services window. The type is displayed as Active Directory - Trusted Forest.

The Enabled column displays a value of Yes or No. If the value is Yes, the users and groups of the the authentication service are considered when the DTX Control server attempts to authenticate and authorize a user; if the value is No, the authentication service is ignored. If the same username exists in multiple authentication services, you can use the Enabled status to control which authentication service will be used to find a user.

#### To enable or disable an authentication service:

1. Click the *User* tab, then click *Authentication Services* to open the User Authentication Services window.
2. Select the checkbox next to the authentication service you want to enable or disable.
3. To enable the trusted forest, click *Enable*.

-or-

To disable the trusted forest service, click *Disable*.

---

**NOTE:** All new authentication services are enabled by default, with the exception of new trusted forests which are disabled by default.

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**To refresh trusted forests:**

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**NOTE:** Refresh Trusted Forests is only applicable for Active Directory services for which discovering trusted forests was enabled.

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1. Click the *User* tab, then click *Authentication Services* to open the User Authentication Services window.
2. Select the checkbox next to the primary AD authentication service.
3. Click *Refresh Trusted Forests*. New trusted forests are displayed in the list.

## 9. Managing User Accounts

This chapter describes how to manage user accounts. The DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance allows you to:

- Add, change and delete user accounts
- Unlock user accounts
- Specify user account restrictions
- Change user group membership
- Display user and user group access rights to target devices and managed appliances
- Add and delete user-defined user groups
- Display, assign and remove user group members from built-in or user-defined user groups

### 9.1 User Accounts Windows

User accounts are displayed and managed through User Accounts windows.

#### To display the User Accounts window:

1. Click the *Users* tab. The User Accounts - All window will open.
2. To display the names of users in a built-in or user-defined user group, click the group name link under User Accounts in the side navigation bar. The User Accounts window for that group will open, listing all the users in the group.
3. To select a user, click on a username in a User Accounts window.

#### Customizing the User Accounts window

The User Name field is usually displayed in the User Accounts window. One of the icons in Table 9-1 will appear to the left of the usernames and represent the status of each DTX Control user.

**Table 9-1. User Status Icons**

Icon	Authentication Method	Status
Face	All	Enabled - The user can log in and use the DTX Control software.
Face with a red X	Internal	Disabled - The user cannot log in to the DTX Control software. See "User account restrictions and expiration settings" on page 98.
Padlock	Internal	Locked - The user account has been locked; the user cannot log in to the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance because the maximum number of log in failures has been exceeded. "Authentication Services" on page 63 and "Unlocking User Accounts" on page 96.
Question mark	External	Suspicious - The user account exists, but the external authentication server no longer contains the account.
Face with a clock	All	Expired - The user account is configured with an expiration date, which has passed. Expired user accounts remain in the system until deleted. See "User account restrictions and expiration settings" on page 98.

The following fields may be displayed in the User Accounts window. Use the Customize link to add or remove fields in the display.

- Full Name - Another name for a user. For example, a user may have a username of Sunrise1 and a full name defined as Mary Jones. See "Username" on page 97.
- Status - User account status: Enabled, Disabled, Locked, Suspicious or Expired. One of the user status icons in Table 9-1 will appear to the left of the username.
- When a User Accounts window contains this column, values are not displayed for external users (users validated with external authentication services).
- Authentication Server - Name of the internal or external authentication server. See "Authentication Services" on page 63.
- Business Address - Business address defined in the user's properties. See "Address" on page 99.
- Business Mobile - Business mobile phone number defined in the user's properties. See "Phone contact" on page 99.

- Business Phone - Business phone number defined in the user's properties. See "Phone contact" on page 99.
- Default E-Mail - Default email account defined in the user's properties. See "Email contact" on page 100.
- E-Mail 1-E-Mail 5 - Up to five additional email accounts defined in the user's properties. See "Email contact" on page 100.
- Custom Field 1- Custom Field 6 - Custom fields for the user. If you have specified text for a custom field, that text will display when you display the field. See "Custom field properties" on page 100.
- When a User Accounts window contains this column, values are not displayed for external users (users validated with external authentication services).
- Home Address - Home address defined in the user's properties. See "Address" on page 99.
- Home Phone - Home phone number defined in the user's properties. See "Phone contact" on page 99.
- Mobile Phone - Mobile phone number defined in the user's properties. See "Phone contact" on page 99.
- Pager - Pager number defined in the user's properties. See "Phone contact" on page 99.

## 9.2 Adding User Accounts

The following information is configured when a user account is created:

- Whether the user will be authenticated using the DTX Control internal authentication or an external authentication server. See "Authentication Services" on page 63.
- The user groups in which the user will be included. Each user group contains specific access rights that allow a user to perform specific actions. See "User Groups" on page 103.

You must have DTX Control administrator or user administrator rights to add a user.

### To add a user account:

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Add*. The Add User Account Wizard will appear.
3. The Select Authentication Service window will open. This window lists the DTX Control internal service and all the external authentication services that have been

Select an authentication service and then click *Next*.

- If you selected *Internal*, go to step 4.
- If you selected any other authentication service, go to step 5.

4. The Type in User Credentials window will open.
  - a. Type a username, password and confirm the password of the user you are adding.
 

Usernames may contain up to 256 non-case sensitive characters (if a RADIUS external authentication service will be used, the limit is 253 characters). Usernames are case-preserving. For example, if an account named JDoe is created, it will be saved as JDoe in the DTX Control server, but a user may log in as JDoe, jdoe, JDOe and so on.

Passwords may contain 3-64 characters. Passwords will never expire unless *User must change password at next login* is selected in the Unit Password window, or Passwords Expire information is specified in the Authentication Service User Account Policies window. A DTX Control administrator may specify a different minimum character length and change expiration criteria. See "Authentication Services" on page 63.
  - b. To enable users to set their own passwords when they log in to the DTX Control software, click *User must change password at next login*.
  - c. To designate the account as a service account, select the *Service Account* checkbox. A service account cannot be used to log in to the DTX Control software. A service account can be used to impersonate another user over the Web Services API or GUI Access API.

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**NOTE:** A service account may only be created if you selected the DTX Control internal authentication service in step 3.

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- d. Click *Next*. Go to step 6.
5. The Specify User Name window will open.
 

If you selected RADIUS, TACACS+ or RSA SecurID in step 3:

    - a. Enable the Specify user on external authentication service radio button.
    - b. Type the username that is configured on the RADIUS, TACACS+ or RSA SecurID server.
    - c. Click *Next*.

If you selected any other type of external authentication service in step 3, you may either specify the username or find the user on the external authentication service.

- To specify the user, enable the *Specify user on external authentication service* radio button and type the name of the user. Then click *Next*.

Usernames may contain up to 256 characters. Usernames may or may not be case sensitive, depending on the requirements of the external authentication server.

- To find the user, enable the *Find user on external authentication service* radio button. The Select User from External Authentication Service window will open.

If the list of users contains more than 5000 entries, a message will indicate that not all items are displayed. You may filter the list by using the Filter button and the adjacent text field. Specifying a username in the text field will return all valid matches. If filtering on another item (such as full name), you must include a wildcard.

Select one or more users from the list, then click *Next*.

6. Assign the user to user groups from the Available Groups list, which includes all built-in and user-defined groups. Select one or more groups and click *Add*. The group names will move to the Member Of list, and the new user(s) will be added to those groups. Click *Next*.
7. Click *Finish*. The user(s) have been added.

The DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance obtains external group membership and external user information when a user logs in. If a user's group membership changes or the user is deleted externally, the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance will not see those changes until the next time that user logs in.

## 9.3 Deleting User Accounts

### To delete one or more user accounts:

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click the checkbox to the left of the username(s). To delete all users on the page, click the checkbox to the left of User Name at the top of the list.
3. Click *Delete*. A confirmation dialog box will appear.
4. Confirm or cancel the deletion.

## 9.4 Unlocking User Accounts

If lock-out settings have been specified for the DTX Control internal authentication service and a user exceeds these settings, the user will not be allowed to attempt another log in until a certain amount of time has passed. Users that have been locked out will appear with a lock next to their name in the User Accounts window and *Locked* will appear in the Status column.

User administrators or administrators may manually unlock the user accounts.

### To unlock one or more user accounts:

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. In a User Accounts window, click the checkbox to the left of the username(s).
3. Click *Unlock*.

## 9.5 Resetting a User Account Password

A DTX Control administrator or user administrator may reset a user's password. When a password is reset, the user will be required to login by typing **password** as their password, then enter and verify a new password for their account the next time they start a DTX Control session.

### To reset a user account password:

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click the checkbox to the left of the user(s) to reset the password.
3. Click *Reset Password*. A confirmation dialog box will appear.
4. Confirm or cancel the reset.

## 9.6 Changing User Account Properties

If you have DTX Control administrator or user administrator privileges, you may change the following account properties for a user:

- The user (login) name and full name
- The certificate associated with the user
- The SSH key associated with the user
- Login password
- Account login restrictions and expiration settings
- The user groups to which the user is assigned

- Home and business addresses
- Home, business, mobile and pager phone numbers
- Primary email address and up to five additional email addresses
- Notes you wish to add about the user
- Up to six custom fields

Some properties may be changed only if the user account will be using the DTX Control internal authentication service. See "Authentication Services" on page 63.

## Username

The username information that you may specify for a user includes:

- User Name - The name that the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance uses to log in and identify the user.
- Full Name - The actual name of the user.

For example, you may use Engr10 as the username and Jonathan Z. Smith as the full name to identify the person associated with the username.

### To change the name of a user:

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click on a username. The User Name window will open.
3. Type the username for the user.
4. Type the full name of the user.
5. Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

## User password

A user's password may be changed only for internal authentication users.

### To change a user password or force a new password:

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. In a User Accounts window, click on a username. The User Name window will open.
3. Click *Password* in the side navigation bar. The User Password window will open.
4. Type the new password for the user and verify the new password.
5. Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

## User account restrictions and expiration settings

Account restriction and expiration settings may be changed only for internal authentication users.

### To change user account restrictions and expiration settings:

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click on a username. The User Name window will open.
3. Click *Restrictions* in the side navigation bar. The User Account Restrictions window will open.
4. To change account restrictions:
  - To prevent the user from logging into the DTX Control software, enable the *Disable user account* checkbox. (Users with open sessions will remain logged in.) To re-enable the user account, uncheck the *Disable user account* checkbox.
  - To prevent a user's password from expiring, enable the *Password never expires* checkbox.
  - To designate the account as a service account, enable the *Service Account* checkbox. A service account cannot be used to log in to the DTX Control software.

---

**NOTE:** A service account may only be created if you are using the DTX Control internal authentication service.

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5. To change account expiration settings:
  - To indicate no expiration date, enable the *Never* radio button.
  - To specify an expiration date, enable the *End of* radio button. Then click the button to the right of the adjacent field, and a calendar will be displayed. Select the date when the user account will expire.

When a user account expires, it remains in the DTX Control system until the account is deleted.

6. Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

## User group membership

See "User Groups" on page 103.

### To change the group membership of a user:

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click on a username. The User Name window will open.

3. Click *User Groups* in the side navigation bar. The User Group Membership window will open.
4. To add a user to one or more groups, select the group(s) in the Available Groups list, then click *Add*. The columns will be moved to the Member Of list.
5. To remove the user from one or more groups, select the group(s) in the Member Of list, then click *Remove*. The groups will be moved to the Available Groups list.
6. Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

The DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance obtains external group membership and external user information when a user logs in. If a user's group membership changes or the user is deleted externally, the DTX Control appliance will not see those changes until the next time that user logs in.

### **Address**

The user address may be changed only for internal authentication users.

#### **To specify address information for a user:**

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click on a username. The User Name window will open.
3. Click *Addresses* in the side navigation bar. The User Address Properties window will open.
4. Type the home address and business address of the user.
5. Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

### **Phone contact**

The phone contact may be changed only for internal authentication users.

#### **To specify phone contact information for a user:**

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click on a username. The User Name window will open.
3. Click *Telephones* in the side navigation bar. The User Telephone Properties window will open.
4. Type the home phone number, business phone number, mobile phone number, mobile business phone number and/or pager number of the user.
5. Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

## Email contact

Email contacts may be changed only for internal authentication users.

### To specify email contact information for user:

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. In a User Accounts window, click on a username. The User Name window will open.
3. Click *E-Mail Addresses* in the side navigation bar. The User E-Mail Properties window will open.
4. Type the primary email address of the user and up to five additional email addresses.
5. Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

## User notes

User notes may be changed only for internal authentication users.

### To specify notes about a user:

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click on a username. The User Name window will open.
3. Click *Notes* in the side navigation bar. The User Notes window will open.
4. Type any information you wish.
5. Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

## Custom field properties

You may specify any information you wish in the six custom fields. Custom field properties may be changed only for internal authentication users.

### To change the custom fields:

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click on a username.
3. Click *Custom Fields* in the side navigation bar. The User Custom Fields window will open.
4. Type information in the fields.
5. Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

## 9.7 User Access Rights

Access rights indicate whether a user is allowed to perform certain actions on a unit in the DTX Control system.

You may assign access control rights from a user perspective. You select a user account, specify the units for which rights will be assigned, then indicate the permission to perform the action (none, allow, deny or inherit) for each unit. That procedure is described in this section.

There are other ways to assign access rights:

- From a user group perspective
- From a unit perspective
- From a unit group perspective

### To display a user's access rights:

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click on a username. The User Name window will open.
3. Click *Effective Rights* in the side navigation bar and then click *All Units*, *Target Devices* or *Appliances*. The Target Device Effective Rights or Appliance Effective Rights window will open. Columns indicate the available actions for the unit.
  - Black check mark - The user has been granted access for this right.
  - Gray check mark - A group to which the user belongs has been granted access for this right.
  - Black X - The user has been denied access for this right.
  - Gray X - A group to which the user belongs has been denied access for this right.
  - No check mark - No access has been granted or denied for this right.

The access rights display for a target device may contain information that appears invalid.

4. Click *Close* when you are finished reviewing the access rights. The User Accounts window will open.

### Customizing Appliance and Target Device Access Rights windows

The Name field is always displayed in the Target Device Access Rights and Appliance Access Rights windows. The action fields may also be displayed. Use the Customize link to add or remove fields in the display.

**To add or remove access rights through a user account:**

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click on a username.
3. Click *Access Rights* in the side navigation bar. The User Access Rights window will open.
4. To add or remove a unit or unit group from the Unit and Unit Groups list, click *Edit List*. The User Access Rights Unit Selection window will open.
  - To add one or more units/unit groups, select the units/groups in the Available list, then click *Add*. The units/unit groups will be moved to the List to Update list.
  - To remove one or more units/unit groups, select the units/groups in the List to Update list, then click *Remove*. The units/unit groups will be moved to the Available list. (Inherited users and user groups can only be removed from the first unit group that specified any access rights other than inherit.)
5. Click *OK*. The User Access Rights window will display the current list of units/unit groups.
6. To add/remove access rights for a unit/unit group, select a unit or unit group from the Unit and Unit Groups list, then enable or disable a checkbox in the Access Rights table for each access right.
  - Allow - the access right is allowed for the user.
  - Deny - the access right is denied for the user.
  - Inherit - the access right is inherited from the unit group(s) to which the selected unit/unit group belongs. When *Inherit* is selected, the Allow and Deny checkboxes will become gray and unchangeable, and indicate the inherited value. If the inherited settings indicated both Allow and Deny, the inherited value is Deny, which takes precedence.  
  
To disable the inherit functionality, uncheck the Inherit checkbox.
  - If none of the checkboxes are checked, the access right is neither allowed nor denied.
7. Repeat the preceding step for other units/unit groups.
8. Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

---

**NOTE:** Only user accounts with configuration rights will be allowed to change a user station's IP address from the on-screen display (OSD).

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## 10. User Groups

Users that have been added to the DTX Control system may be added to the following two types of user groups:

- **Built-In** - The DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance is delivered with six predefined user groups: Appliance Administrators, Auditors, DTX Control administrators, Everyone, User Administrators and Users. All users are automatically included in the Everyone user group when they are added to the DTX Control system. Users may be added to any of the other user groups. The privileges that a user has to perform tasks on the DTX Control system is dependent on the built-in user group to which the user is a member.
- **User-defined** - You may also define custom groups, based on any criteria you wish. For example, you may want to define groups based on user administrators with read-only access, software developers at a specific location, global network infrastructure personnel based on job title and so on.

Built-in user groups appear in the User Groups - Built-in window and user-defined user groups appear in the User Groups - User Defined window. The windows may also display the following fields. Use the Customize link to add or remove fields in the display:

- **Authentication Server** - Name of the authentication server assigned to the user. See "Authentication Services" on page 63.
- **Role** - Role of a user-defined user group, which may be None, User, Auditor, Appliance Administrator, User Administrator or DTX Control Administrator. The role column for a built-in user group or a user-defined user group with a role of None will be empty.
- **Type** - Type of user group, which will be built-in or user-defined.

### To display user groups:

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Groups* in the top navigation bar. *Built-In* will automatically be selected in the side navigation bar and the User Groups - Built-in window will open. To display the user-defined groups, click *User-Defined* in the side navigation bar. The User Groups - User Defined window will open.

### Group naming in external authentication services

Groups in Active Directory (AD) external authentication services are specified using a combination of their Active Directory folder and group name, minus the group container

specified in the DTX Control software.

The group container defaults to the AD domain root if it is unspecified.

For example, if you have an AD external authentication service for the “sw.eng.mydomain.com” domain with no group container specified, the “Domain Users” group in the “sw.eng.mydomain.com/Users” folder will have a DTX Control equivalent of “Users/Domain Users”.

Using the same example, but with a group container of “Users”, the DTX Control equivalent is “Domain Users”.

Using the same example, but with a group container of “mydomain.com”, the DTX Control equivalent is “eng/sw/Users/Domain Users”.

Groups in LDAP external authentication services are specified using a modified distinguishedName of their LDAP object, minus the group base DN specified in the DTX Control software.

For example, if you have an LDAP external authentication service with a group base DN of “ou=myldap,c=US”, the “cn=Admin Users,ou=Users,o=myldap,c=US” group will have a DTX Control equivalent of “Admin Users”.

Using the same example, but with the “cn=Admin Users,c=Sunrise,ou=Users,o=myldap,c=US” group, the DTX Control equivalent is “Sunrise/Admin Users”.

## 10.1 Built-in User Groups

When a user account is added to the DTX Control system, the user may be assigned to any of the following built-in user groups:

- Server administrators
- Appliance administrators
- User administrators
- Auditors
- Users

Table 10-1 lists the operations allowed for the built-in user groups.

Table 10-1. Built-In User Group Allowed Operations

Operation	Built-In User Group				
	Server Administrator	User Administrator	Appliance Administrator	Auditors	Users
Configure DTX Control system-level settings	Yes	No	No	No	No
Add, change, import and delete DTX Control software	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Backup and restore the DTX Control database	Yes	No	No	No	No
Register a spoke server	Yes	No	No	No	No
Add, change and delete units	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
Add, change and delete unit groups	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Configure access rights	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Add, change and delete sites, departments and locations	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
Add, change and delete external authentication services	Yes	Yes	No	No	No

Operation	Built-In User Group				
	Server Administrator	User Administrator	Appliance Administrator	Auditors	Users
Add, change, delete user accounts and user-defined user groups	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
All event-related operation	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
Change your own password	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

In addition to the built-in user groups, the DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance supports user-defined user groups. "Grouping Units" on page 51

## 10.2 Adding User-defined User Groups

If you are using DTX Control internal authentication, you may add your own custom user-defined user groups and then add other users that use internal authentication as members.

External user-defined user groups (on external authentication servers) may be added, but their membership is not controlled by the DTX Control software.

**NOTE:** You must have DTX Control administrator or user administrator rights to add user-defined user groups.

### DTX Control internal, RADIUS, LDAP, Windows NT or Active Directory authentication services

#### To add a user-defined user group:

1. Click the *Users* tab. Click *Groups* in the top navigation bar. Click *User-Defined* in the side navigation bar. The User Groups - User Defined window will open.
2. Click *Add*. The Add User Group wizard will appear.
3. The Select Authentication Service window will open. This window lists all authentication services that may be used to authenticate the user group when the user logs in. See "Authentication Services" on page 63.

Click on the name of an authentication service and then click *Next*.

- If you selected *Internal* as the authentication service, go to step 4.
- If you selected any other type of authentication service, go to step 5.

---

**NOTE:** If you are adding a group to the TACACS+ authentication service, see "TACACS+ external authentication services" on page 108 for more information.

---

4. The Type in Internal Group Name window will open. Type the name for the new user group you wish to create. User-defined user group names may contain up to 256 characters. User-defined user group names are case-preserving. Go to step 6.
5. The Specify External Group window opens. Complete one of the following steps, then click *Next*:

- Click *Specify a group on external authentication service* and type the name of the group in the field.

User group names may contain up to 256 non-case sensitive characters. User group names are case-preserving if the user group on the external authentication server is case sensitive. See "Group naming in external authentication services" on page 103.

- Click *Import the external group - Everyone* to consider any user on the external authentication server as a member of this user group.
- Click *Find a group on external authentication service* to choose from the list of groups on the external authentication service. If the list of groups contains more than 5000 entries, a message will indicate that not all items are displayed.

You may filter the list by using the Filter button and the adjacent text field. If you are using an Active Directory Server, you can choose the filter method.

Click *Filter in DTX Control server (legacy)* to use a traditional filtering method.

-or-

Click *Filter in Active Directory Server* to use a modified filtering method that only provides matches to the filter string based on the common name (CN) of the group. This filter uses LDAP search syntax. This method passes the filter to the AD server allowing the AD server to return the matches, which provides faster results than the legacy filter method.

Select one or more external authentication service groups from the list.

6. Select a role for the user group(s).
7. Click *Finish*.

## TACACS+ external authentication services

### To add a TACACS+ user group:

1. Click the *Users* tab. Click *Groups* in the top navigation bar. Click *User-Defined* in the side navigation bar. The User Groups - User Defined window will open.
2. Click *Add*. The Add User Group wizard will appear.
3. The Select Authentication Service window will open. This window lists all authentication services that may be used to authenticate the user group when the user logs in. Select an appropriate TACACS+ authentication service from the list. Click *Next*.
4. If the TACACS+ service you selected is configured to use the privilege level attribute method, the Specify External Group Name window will open and display a list of privilege levels 0-15 (the higher the number, the higher the level of access).

Select a privilege level from the list. The DTX Control server will assign a group name based on the privilege level you select. For example, if you choose level 7, the group name will be Privilege Level 7.

Click *Next*.

-or-

If the TACACS+ service you selected is configured to use the group name custom attribute method, the Specify External Group Name window will open and display a Name field. Type the name for the external user group on the external authentication service. The group name must correspond to one of the values configured in the TACACS+ service.

Click *Next*.

5. Select a role for the user group(s), then click *Next*.
6. Click *Finish*.

## 10.3 Deleting User-defined User Groups

You may delete any user-defined user groups that have been created in the DTX Control system. You must have DTX Control administrator or user administrator rights to delete user-defined user groups.

### To delete a user-defined user group:

1. Click the *Users* tab. Click *Groups* in the top navigation bar. Click *User-Defined* in the side navigation bar. The User Groups - User Defined window will open.
2. Click the checkbox to the left of the user group(s) to be deleted. To delete all user groups listed in the window, click the checkbox to the left of Name at the top of the list.
3. Click *Delete*. A confirmation dialog box will appear.

4. Confirm or cancel the deletion.

## 10.4 User Group Properties

### To display the properties of a built-in user group:

1. Click the *Users* tab. Click *Groups* in the top navigation bar. *Built-In* will automatically be selected in the side navigation bar and the User Groups - Built-in window will open.
2. Click on a user group name. The User Group Properties window will open. The display includes read-only properties for each group: name and type.
3. Click *Close* when you are finished. The User Groups - Built-in window will open.

### To display or change the properties of a user-defined user group:

1. Click the *Users* tab. Click *Groups* in the top navigation bar. Click *User-Defined* in the side navigation bar. The User Groups - User Defined window will open.
2. Click on a user group name. The User Group Properties window will open.
3. To change the name of the user group, type a new 1-256 character name in the Name field.

---

**NOTE:** If the user group belongs to a TACACS+ service that uses the privilege level attribute method, the Name field will be disabled.

---

4. To change the role of the user group, select a role from the menu. If you do not wish to assign a role to the user group, select *None*.
5. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The User Groups - User Defined window will open.

## 10.5 Changing User Group Members

When users are created, they may be assigned to one or more built-in or user-defined user groups. You may add or remove users to or from the built-in and user-defined user groups.

### To add or remove user group members:

---

**NOTE:** Members may only be assigned to or removed from user groups defined on the internal DTX Control authentication service.

---

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Groups* in the top navigation bar. *Built-In* will automatically be selected in the side navigation bar and the User Groups - Built-in window will open. To display the User Groups - User Defined window, click *User-Defined* in the side navigation bar.
3. Click on a user group name. The User Group Properties window will open.

4. Click *Members* in the side navigation bar. The User Group Members window will open.
5. Click *Assign*. The Assign Users to User Group window will open.
6. To add one or more users to the user group, select the user(s) in the Available Users list, then click *Add*. The users will be moved to the Members list.
7. To remove one or more users from the user group, select the user(s) in the Members list, then click *Remove*. The users will be moved to the Available Users list.
8. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The User Group Members window will open.
9. Click *Close*. The User Groups - Built-In or User Groups - User Defined window will open (depending on which groups you were working with).

You may also add or remove a user from a built-in or user-defined user group by clicking on a username in a User Accounts window and changing its user group membership. See "Changing User Group Members" on page 109.

## 10.6 User Group Access Rights

Access rights indicate whether a user is allowed to perform certain actions on a unit in the DTX Control system.

You may assign access control rights from a user group perspective. You select a user group, specify the units for which rights will be assigned, then indicate the permission to perform the action (none, allow, deny or inherit) for each unit. That procedure is described in this section.

There are other ways to assign access rights:

- From a user perspective
- From a unit perspective
- From a unit group perspective

### To display user group access rights:

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Groups* in the top navigation bar. *Built-In* will automatically be selected in the side navigation bar and the User Groups - Built-in window will open. To display the User Groups - User Defined window, click *User-Defined* in the side navigation bar.
3. Click on a user group name. The User Group Properties window will open.

4. Click *Effective Rights* in the side navigation bar and then click *All Units*, *Target Devices* or *Appliances*. The Target Devices Effective Rights window or Appliance Effective Rights window will open. Columns indicate the available actions for the unit.
  - Black check mark - the user has been granted access for this right
  - Gray check mark - a group to which the user belongs has been granted access for this right
  - Black X - the user has been denied access for this right
  - Gray X - a group to which the user belongs has been denied access for this right
  - No check mark - no access has been granted or denied for this right

The access rights display may contain information that appears invalid.

Click *Close* when you are finished. The User Accounts - All window will open.

#### **To add or remove user group access rights:**

1. Click the *Users* tab.
2. Click *Groups* in the top navigation bar.
3. *Built-In* will automatically be selected in the side navigation bar and the User Groups - Built-in window will open. To display the User Groups - User Defined window, click *User-Defined* in the side navigation bar.
4. Click on a user group name.
5. Click *Access Rights* in the side navigation bar. The User Group Access Rights window will open.
6. To add or remove a unit or unit group from the Unit and Unit Groups list, click *Edit List*. The User Group Access Rights Unit Selection window will open.
  - To add one or more units/unit groups, select the units/groups in the Available list, then click Add. The units/unit groups will be moved to the List to Update list.
  - To remove one or more units/unit groups, select the units/groups in the List to Update list, then click Remove. The units/unit groups will be moved to the Available list.
7. Click *OK*. The User Group Access Rights window will display the current list of units/unit groups.
8. To add/remove access rights for a unit/unit group, select a unit or unit group from the Unit and Unit Groups list, then enable or disable a checkbox in the Access Rights table for each access right.
  - Allow - the access right is allowed for members of the user group.

- Deny - the access right is denied for members of the user group.
- Inherit - the access right is inherited from the unit group(s) to which the selected unit/unit group belongs. When *Inherit* is selected, the Allow and Deny checkboxes will become gray and unchangeable, and indicate the inherited value. If the inherited settings indicated both Allow and Deny, the inherited value is Deny, which takes precedence.

To disable the inherit functionality, uncheck the Inherit checkbox.

- If none of the checkboxes are checked, the access right is neither allowed nor denied.

9. Repeat the preceding step for other units/unit groups.
10. Click *Save* and then click *Close*.

## 11. Events and Event Logs

When an enabled, defined event occurs in the DTX Control software system, it is saved in the event log. You may display the event log content, view details about an individual event log entry or delete an event log entry. You may have an email notification sent to one or more addresses when an event occurs. You may change the event log's retention period and export the event log's content.

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**NOTE:** You must be a member of the DTX Control software administrator or auditor user group to access event configuration and display windows.

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### 11.1 Email Notifications

The DTX 5000-CTL Management Appliance may be configured to send one or more users an email notification when an enabled event occurs.

- You may specify which events will trigger an email notification.
- You may also specify one or more unit groups - an email notification will be sent only when a specified unit-related event occurs on a unit that is a member of the specified unit group(s).

If a specified event that is not tied to a unit occurs (for example, DTX Control server started), an email notification will be sent, regardless of the any specified unit groups.

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**NOTE:** A mail server that supports Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) must be configured to receive email event notifications.

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### Customizing the Email Notifications window

The Email Subject column is always displayed in the Email Notifications window: The display may include From Address and To Address fields. Use the Customize link to add or remove fields in the display.

#### To configure an email notification:

1. Click the *Reports* tab.
2. Click *Email Notifications* in the side navigation bar. The Email Notifications window will open.
3. Click *Add*. The Add Email Notification Wizard will appear.
4. The Specify Email Properties window will open.

- a. In the Send To field, type the email addresses of the persons you want to notify. Separate multiple addresses with a comma (.). This field has a limit of 1024 characters.
  - b. In the From field, type the email address (up to 64 characters) of the person you wish to designate as the sender of the notification.
  - c. In the Subject field, type a subject heading (up to 64 characters) for the notification.
  - d. Click *Next*.
5. The Select Events to Trigger Email Notification window will open.
- To add one or more events, select the event(s) from the Available Events list, then click *Add*. The event(s) will be moved to the Events To Notify list.
  - To remove one or more events, select the event(s) from the Events To Notify list, then click *Remove*. The event(s) will be moved to the Available Events list.

Click *Next*.

6. The Select Unit Groups to Trigger Email Notification window will open.
- To add one or more unit groups, select the unit group(s) from the Available Unit Groups list, then click *Add*. The unit group(s) will be moved to the Selected Unit Groups list.
  - To remove one or more unit groups, select the unit group(s) from the Selected Unit Groups list, then click *Remove*. The unit group(s) will be moved to the Available Unit Groups list.

Click *Next*.

7. The Completed Successful window will open. Click *Finish*.

### **To change an email notification:**

1. Click *Email Notifications* in the side navigation bar. The Email Notifications window will open.
2. Click on the email subject of the notification you wish to change. The Email Notification Properties window will appear.
3. To change the notification information:
  - a. In the Send To field, enter or remove the email addresses of persons you want to notify. Separate multiple addresses with a comma (.). This field has a limit of 1024 characters.

- b. In the From field, change the email address (up to 64 characters) of the person you wish to designate as the sender of the notification.
  - c. In the Subject field, change the subject heading (up to 64 characters) for the notification
4. To change the events:
    - To add one or more events, select the event(s) from the Available Events list, then click *Add*. The events will be moved to the Events To Notify list.
    - To remove one or more events, select the event(s) from the Events To Notify list, then click *Remove*. The events will be moved to the Available Events list.
  5. To change the unit groups:
    - To add one or more unit groups, select the unit group(s) from the Available Unit Groups list, then click *Add*. The unit group(s) will be moved to the Selected Unit Groups list.
    - To remove one or more unit groups, select the unit group(s) from the Selected Unit Groups list, then click *Remove*. The unit group(s) will be moved to the Available Unit Groups list.
  6. Click *Save* and then click *Close*. The Email Notifications window will open.

**To test an email notification:**

Once an email notification has been created, you may send a test message to ensure that the notification is delivered to the specified recipients.

1. Click *Email Notifications* in the side navigation bar. The Email Notifications window will open.
2. Click the checkbox to the left of the notification(s) to be tested. To select all notifications on the page, click the checkbox to the left of Email Subject at the top of the list.
3. Click *Test*. You will be prompted to confirm the test.
4. Confirm or cancel the test.

**To delete an email notification:**

1. Click *Email Notifications* in the side navigation bar. The Email Notifications window will appear.
2. Click the checkbox to the left of the notifications to delete. To select all notifications on the page, click the checkbox to the left of Email Subject at the top of the list.
3. Click *Delete*. You will be prompted to confirm the deletion.
4. Confirm or cancel the deletion.

## 11.2 Changing the Event Log Retention Period

By default, an event log is retained for seven days (one week). You may specify a retention period of up to 365 days (one year).

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**NOTE:** Event log information is stored in the DTX Control database and is replicated. Increasing the event log retention time may impact the performance of the DTX Control system.

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### To change the event log retention period:

1. Click the *Reports* tab.
2. Click *Log Retention* in the side navigation bar. The Event Log Retention Time window will open.
3. Type a number of days (from 1-365) in the Days field, or select it using the menu.
4. Click *Save*.



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**Customer Support Information:**

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